# MOTHER TERESA WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY KODAIKANAL

# **DEPARTMENT OF HOME SCIENCE**

# **B.Sc. FOODS & NUTRITION**



# SYLLABUS TO BE IMPLEMENTED FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022

(CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)

# Mother Teresa Women's University, Kodaikanal Department of Home Science Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) 2021-2022 onwards) B. Sc-Foods and Nutrition

# 1. About the Programme:

Foods and Nutrition specialization provides the students an in depth knowledge and skills for enhancing employability and entrepreneurship in all areas namely; Food Processing, Quality Control, Food safety, Nutrition and Dietetics. This programme facilitates to gainknowledge on concepts, theories, principles of food science, food service management, food preservation, interior decoration, child development, physiology, biochemistry, microbiology, basic nutrition, clinical nutrition, life span nutrition, medical nutrition therapy and public health nutrition related to the holistic development and wellness of the individual, family and community at large.

# 2. Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO 1	To impart the fundamental knowledge in all the major domains of
	Home Science and related areas of studies
PEO 2	To develop competency of students in application of knowledge in
	different settings i.e. family, community, workplace etc.
PEO 3	To impart and cultivate skills for wide range of professions related
	Home Science
PEO 4	To prepare them for higher degrees with specializations
PEO 5	To create professionals in home science related areas and to foster
	research acumen, teaching skills for career prospects in government and
	public services or to emerge as successful entrepreneurs.

# 3. Eligibility:

Candidates for admission to the first year of the Degree of B. Sc-Home Science shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examinations (with the specialization-Chemistry/Biology/ Home Science/Nursing/Science-based disciplines) conducted by the Government of Tamil Nadu or any recognized board.

# 4. General Guidelines for UG Programme

- **1. Duration:** The programme shall extend through a period of 6 consecutive semesters and the duration of a semester shall normally be 90 days or 450 hours. Examinations shall be conducted at the end of each semester for the respective subjects.
- **2. Medium of Instruction:** English
- **3. Evaluation:** Evaluation of the candidates shall be through Internal Assessment and External Examination.

Evaluation	Theor	y	Praction	cal
Pattern	Min	Max	Min	Max
Internal	10	25	10	25
External	30	75	30	75

- Internal (Theory): Test (15) + Assignment (5) + Seminar/Quiz(5) = 25
- External Theory: 75
- Question Paper Pattern for External examination for all course papers.

Max. Marks: 75 Time: 3 Hrs.

S.No.	Part	Type	Marks
1	A	10*1 Marks=10	10
		Multiple Choice Questions(MCQs): 2	
		questions from each Unit	
2	В	5*4=20	20
		Two questions from each Unit with Internal	
		Choice (either /or)	
3	C	3*15=45	45
		Open Choice: Any three questions out of 5:	
		one question from each unit	
		Total Marks	75

<sup>\*</sup> Minimum credits required to pass: 156

5. Conversion of Marks to Grade Points and Letter Grade (Performance in a Course/ Paper)

Range of	Grade Points	Letter	Description
Marks		Grade	_
90 - 100	9.0 - 10.0	O	Outstanding
80-89	8.0 - 8.9	D+	Excellent
75-79	7.5 - 7.9	D	Distinction
70-74	7.0 - 7.4	A+	Very Good
60-69	6.0 - 6.9	A	Good
50-59	5.0 - 5.9	В	Average
40-49	4.0 - 4.9	С	Satisfactory
00-39	0.0	U	Re-appear
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT

# 6. Attendance

Students must have earned 75% of attendance in each course for appearing for the examination. Students with 71% to 74% of attendance must apply for condonation in the Prescribed Form

with prescribed fee. Students with 65% to 70% of attendance must apply for condonation in the Prescribed Form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students with attendance lesser than 65% are not eligible to appear for the examination and they shall re-do the course with the prior permission of the Head of the Department, Principal and the Registrar of the University.

# 7. Maternity Leave

The student who avails maternity leave may be considered to appear for the examination with the approval of Staff i/c, Head of the Department, Controller of Examination and the Registrar.

# 8. Any Other Information

In addition to the above mentioned regulations, any other common regulations pertaining to the UG Programmes are also applicable for this Programme.

# 9. Program Outcomes

On completion of this Programme, the learners will be able to

- PO1 gain an understanding of the association between food and health.
- PO2 learn the preventive measures to overcome metabolic abnormalities.
- **PO3** acquire knowledge and skills in the pursuit of academic excellence aimed at advancement in this area of specialization and extension activities.
- **PO4** develop self-reliance through the balance of freedom and discipline within the body, mind, and spirit.
- **PO5** understand and apply nutritional assessment techniques.
- **PO6** integrate the broad aspect of food into dietetics practice.
- PO7 impart nutrition counseling and education to individuals, groups, and communities.
- **PO8** acquire professional, vocational, and entrepreneurial skills for career design and development.

### 10. Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)

On completion of this Programme, the learners will be able to

- **PSO1** appraise the quality of foods and nutrition and appreciate their significance for healthy living.
- **PSO2** apply food science knowledge to describe the function of ingredients food.
- **PSO3** apply technical skills, knowledge of health behavior, clinical judgment, and decision-making skills.
- **PSO4** assess and evaluate the nutritional status of individuals and communities and their response to nutrition intervention.
- **PSO5** educate the community on dietary modification based on the severity of illness and complications of the diseases.

# **B.Sc. FOODS and NUTRITION Curriculum**

	Course		Credits	I	Tours	Ma	aximum	Marks	
S. No	Code	Title of the Course		T P		INT	EXT	Total	
		FIRST SEN	 MESTER						
1	U21LTA11	PART-I Tamil I	3	6	0	25	75	100	
2	U21LEN11	PART-II English I	3	6	0	25	75	100	
3	U21FNT11	CORE I - Food Science	4	5	0	25	75	100	
4	U21FNP11	CORE II – Practical-I Food science practical	4	0	6	25	75	100	
5	U21CHA11	ALLIED I – Chemistry	4	5	0	25	75	100	
6	U21EVS11	Environmental Studies	2	2	0	25	75	100	
7	U21PELS11	Professional English-I	4	6	0	25	75	100	
		Total	24		36	_	_	700	
	T	SECOND							
8	U21LTA22	PART-I -Tamil II	3	6	0	25	75	100	
9	U21LEN22	PART-II English II	3	6	0	25	75	100	
10	U21FNT21	<b>CORE III</b> – Fundamentals of Nutrition	4	5	0	25	75	100	
11	U21FNT22	CORE IV – Human physiology	4	5	0	25	75	100	
12	U21CHA22	ALLIED II - Chemistry Practical	4	0	5	25	75	100	
13	U21VAE21	Value Education	3	3	0	25	75	100	
14	U21PELS22	Professional English-II	4	6	0	25	75	100	
		Total	25		36	-	7		
		THIRD SEN	MESTER						
15	U21LTA33	PART-I Tamil III	3	6	0	25	75	100	
16	U21LEN33	PART-II English I	3	6	0	25	75	100	
17	U21FNT31	CORE V Nutrition Through Life Cycle	4	5	0	25	75	100	
18	U21FNA33	ALLIED III Nutritional Biochemistry	4	5	0	25	75	100	
19		ELECTIVE-I	3	4	0	25	75	100	
-	U21FNE311	Entrepreneurship							
	U21FNE312	Development/ Bakery and							
	U21FNE313	Confectionary/ Extension Education							
20	U21MSS31	SBE-I	2	2	0	25	75	100	
20	0211110031	Managerial skills		_		25		100	
21		Non-Major Elective-I	2	2	0	25	75	100	
22	U21PELS33	Professional English- III	4	6	0	25	75	100	
		Total	25		36			800	
		IV SEMEST	ER				'		

U21LTA44	PART-I Tamil IV	3	6	0	25	75	100
							100
	9						100
021111141		7	-		23	73	100
U21FNP42		4	0	4	25	75	100
021111112		•		1	23	/3	100
U21FNA44		4	0	4	25	75	100
0211111111		•		•	25	, 5	100
	•						
		3	3	0	25	75	100
U21FNE421					==	, 0	100
		2.	0	2.	25	75	100
02100012	_	_		_	25	, 5	100
	-	2.	2	0	25	75	100
	Tron Tranjor Elective 11	_	_		==	, 0	100
U21PELS44	Professional English- III	4	6	0	25	75	100
	Total	29		37	-	_	900
		DOMPE					
		ESTER	ζ				
U21FNT51	CORE VIII- Textiles and	4	5	0	25	75	100
	Clothing						
U21FNT52	<b>CORE IX</b> – Community	4	5	0	25	75	100
	Nutrition						
U21FNT53	CORE X - Human	4	5	0	25	75	100
	Development						
U21FNT54	CORE XI - Food Service	4	5	0	25	75	100
	Management						
U21FNT55	CORE-XII-Food	4	5	0	25	75	100
	Microbiology						
	ELECTIVE-III	3	3	0	25	75	100
U21FNE531	Food Safety and Quality						
U21FNE532	Control /Nutritional						
U21FNE533	Counseling/ Gender and						
	Development						
U21FNS53	SBE III- Food processing	2	2	0	25	75	100
	Fundamentals						
	Total	25		30	-	-	700
	SIXTH SEM	ESTEF	₹				
H21FNT61	CORF XIII - Nutrition and	4	5	n	25	75	100
021111101		7		U	23	13	100
I IO1ENITECO	CORE XIV – Family	4	5	0	25	75	100
U21FNT62					/ 1		
	U21FNT51 U21FNT52 U21FNT53 U21FNT54 U21FNT55 U21FNE531 U21FNE532 U21FNE533	U21FNT41 CORE VI - Therapeutic Nutrition  U21FNP42 CORE VII Therapeutic Nutrition Practical  U21FNA44 ALLIED IV Nutritional Biochemistry Practical  ELECTIVE-II  U21FNE421 Food hygiene and sanitation Communication and Media Skills Diet for Disease  U21FNE423 Skills Diet for Disease  U21CSS42 SBE-II-Computer Skills for Office Management Non -Major Elective -II  U21PELS44 Professional English- III Total  FIFTH SEM  U21FNT51 CORE VIII- Textiles and Clothing U21FNT52 CORE IX - Community Nutrition U21FNT53 CORE X - Human Development U21FNT54 CORE XI - Food Service Management U21FNT55 CORE-XII-Food Microbiology ELECTIVE-III Food Safety and Quality Control /Nutritional U21FNE531 Counseling/ Gender and Development U21FNE533 SBE III- Food processing Fundamentals Total	U21FNT41	U21FNT41	U21FNT41	U21FNT41	U21FNT41   CORE VI

		Management						
40	U21FNT63	CORE XV – Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals	4	5	0	25	75	100
41	U21FNT64	CORE-XVI- Nutrition in special Condition	4	5	0	25	75	100
42	U21FNP63	CORE-XVII –Community Nutrition Practical	4	0	5	25	75	100
43	U21FNE641 U21FNE642 U21FNE643	ELECTIVE-IV Food Packaging / Children with Special Needs/ Fashion Design	3	3	0	25	75	100
44	U21FNS64	SBE-IV Food fermentation	2	2	0	25	75	100
45	U21EAS61 Extension Activities (NSS/NCC/RRC/YRC/Physical education)		3	-	-			100
		Total	28		30			800
		Grand total	156		205	-	-	4600

# Non-Major Electives-NME

NME – I - U21FNN311 -Fundamentals of Food Science

U21FNN312 - Nutrition and wellness

NME – II - U21FNN421 - Basics of Human Nutrition

U21 FNN422 - Food Preservation concepts

# **Additional credit courses**

U21FNO31 Online course 3<sup>rd</sup> semester U21FNI41-Internship 4<sup>th</sup> semester U21PHV-Value added course 5<sup>th</sup> semester

Course Code U21FNT11 CORE-I	FOOD SCIENCE	<b>L</b> 5	T -	P -	C 4
Cognitive level	K2-Understanding K3-applying K4-A K5 –valuating	naly	sing		
Learning objectives	The course aims  1) to know the role of food inhealth.  2) to enable students to obtain knowledge groups and their contribution tonutrities  3) to help them study the different method their advantages and disadvantages.  4) to enable the students to apply different foods.  5) to enable them to gain experience in foods with attention to the preservation value-oriented to Indiancooking.	on. ods  y the	of cone	ookin oroce oarati	g and ess of on of

# **Unit I Food groups**

Food definition, functions of food, food groups-: energy-yielding foods, body building foods, protective foods, classification, five food groups, seven food groups, balanced diet- definition, planning of balanced diet, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) Dietary guidelines.

### Unit II Cereals and Pulses

Cereals: Structure and nutritive value of rice and wheat, Gelatinization, Process of milling and malting -wheat, Rice, Gluten formation, Nutritive value of millets - ragi, bajra. Pulses: Germination process, factors affecting the cooking quality of pulses, composition, nutritive value, and its advantages in cookery. Cereals-structure, nutritive value, classification, processing, milling, Pulses and legumes - nutritive value, processing in pulses, toxins in pulses.

### **Unit III Vegetables and Fruits Vegetables**

Vegetables and Fruits Vegetables – Selection of vegetables, Nutritive value, Changes in nutritive value before and after cooking, Effect of cooking on the vegetable pigments. - chlorophyll, carotenoids, anthocyanin, anthoxanthin. Fruits- Classification, nutritive value, ripening of fruits, Effect of browning and its prevention, Storage of fruits.

### Unit IV Milk and meat products

Milk and Milk Products: Types of milk, pasteurization of milk, composition and nutritive value, milk products – cheese, paneer, and khoa Egg: Structure, composition and nutritive value, Qualitative determination of egg and its role in cookery.Meat: Structure, composition, and nutritive value of meat, the cutting process of meat, cooking changes in meat, and tenderness of the meat. Poultry-classification, Nutritive value, Selection and cooking methods poultry. Fish -selection of fish, Structure, composition, and nutritive value.

# Unit V Fats and sugar

Fats, Sugar, Beverages and Spices Fats and Oils- composition of common fats and oils, smoking temperature, rancidity, and role of fats and oils in cookery. Sugar – Nutritive value, sugar-related products, stages of sugar cookery, Crystallization, Factors affecting crystallization. Beverages: classification, nutritive value - coffee, tea, cocoa, milk-based beverages, fruit juices, and aerated beverages. Spices and condiments – Types and use in Indian cookery, Medicinal value.

### **Textbooks**

- 1. SrilakshmiFood Science, Seventh Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2018
- 2. Manay S and Swamy S, Food Facts and Principles, New Age International (P) Ltd Publishers, New Delhi, 2001

### Reference books

- 1. Reddy SM, Basic Food Science and Technology, New Age Publishers, New Delhi, 2015
- 2. Lowe B, Experimental cookery from chemical and physical stand point, forgotten books, UK, 2015
- 3. Potter NM andHotchkiss JH, Food Science, C.B.S. Publishers, New Delhi, reprint 2008
- 4. Roday S, Food Science and Nutrition, Oxford university press, New Delhi, 2007
- **5.** McCance and Widdowson, Composition of food, 6th Edition, Food Standards Agency, 2004

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

uoout		
<b>K2</b>	CO1	energy requirements and the Recommended Dietary Allowances.
K2	CO2	nutritive value, understand the cooking quality factors, and develop skills in the preparation and storage of milk and egg products.
К3	CO3	nutritional classification, understand the changes in pigments and acquire skills in preserving nutrients and pigments in the processing and storage of vegetables and fruits.
K4	CO4	determine the smoking point of any cooking oils and the stages of sugar cookery
K5	CO5	Assess the effect of the addition of acid, fat, salt, water, and sugar on the texture of flesh foods quality.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/P	PO	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO
О	1						7					5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNP11	FOOD SCIENCE PRACTICAL	L	Т	P	С			
COR	E-II		-	-	6	4			
		K 1 – Recall							
Cognitive	level	K2 - Understanding							
		K3 -Applying							
		K4 - Analyzing							
		K6 -Creating							
		Course aims							
Learning	objectives	1. to understand the advantages and disadvantages of cooking							
		methods on the stability of nutrients.							
2. to analyze the effect of processing and storage on the nutritional composition of foods.									
3. to learn the factors influencing the cooking quality of different foods.									

### I. Grouping offoods

- a. Basic 4, 5, 7, and 11, Meaning of foods solids, liquids, and butter.
- b. My plate

Familiarizing with laboratory equipment, procedure, and learn to weigh food ingredients.

### II. Experimental cookery ofcereals

Preparation of cereal products using rice, wheat, and ragi based on steaming, absorption, pressure cooking, and straining methods. Steaming, boiling, and pressure -cooking separation of the gluten content of Wheat.

# III. Experimental cookery of Pulses

Effect of Cooking in hard and soft water, alkali.

# IV. Experimental cookery of vegetables, Green leafyVegetables

Study on the effect of acid, alkali, heat, and time on the color, texture, and flavor.

### V. Milk

Preparation of Paneer, Curd, and Whey water using different types of milk. (Identification of physical parameters of developed products) Stages of sugar cookery

### **Textbook**

1. Srilakshmi B Nutrition Science, New age International Pvt Ltd, 2017

### Reference books

- 1. Williams AspdenPractical Skills in Food Science, Nutrition and Dietetics, Pearson Education Limited, 2011
- 2. Mohini Sethi. EramS. Rao Food science Experiments and

Applications, SecondEdition 2019

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K1	CO1	fundamentals of cereals, pulses, fruits &vegetable processing, equipment, and products.
K2	CO2	Demonstrate the different methods of cooking.
K3	CO3	Choose Appropriate Cooking Method to Conserve Nutrients.
K4	CO4	Evaluate the basic methods and principles involved in cooking.
K6	CO5	evaluate the change of pigment during cooking

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/P	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO
0												5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation(N) - 0mark

# **SEMESTER-II**

Course	U21FNT21		L	T	P	C
Code		FUNDAMENTALS OF NUTRITION				

K 1 – Recall K2 - Understanding K4 - Analyzing K5 – Evaluating							
Course aims							
<ol> <li>To enable the students to learn the basic nutrients a their functions.</li> <li>To enrich the students to familiarize the RDA and deficiency of nutrients.</li> <li>Understand the sources of nutrients, the role of</li> </ol>							
	<ul> <li>K2 - Understanding</li> <li>K4 - Analyzing</li> <li>K5 - Evaluating</li> <li>Course aims</li> <li>1. To enable the students to learn the bear functions.</li> <li>2. To enrich the students to familiarized deficiency of nutrients.</li> <li>3. Understand the sources of nutrients,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>K2 - Understanding</li> <li>K4 - Analyzing</li> <li>K5 - Evaluating</li> <li>Course aims</li> <li>1. To enable the students to learn the basic their functions.</li> <li>2. To enrich the students to familiarize the deficiency of nutrients.</li> <li>3. Understand the sources of nutrients, the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>K2 - Understanding</li> <li>K4 - Analyzing</li> <li>K5 - Evaluating</li> <li>Course aims</li> <li>1. To enable the students to learn the basic nutritheir functions.</li> <li>2. To enrich the students to familiarize the RDA deficiency of nutrients.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>K2 - Understanding</li> <li>K4 - Analyzing</li> <li>K5 - Evaluating</li> <li>Course aims</li> <li>1. To enable the students to learn the basic nutrients their functions.</li> <li>2. To enrich the students to familiarize the RDA and deficiency of nutrients.</li> <li>3. Understand the sources of nutrients, the role of</li> </ul>			

### **Unit I Energy**

Energy – a unit of energy, determination of energy, Contents of food, Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR), energy requirement (ICMR) of various age groups and sources. Carbohydrates – classification, functions in the body, digestion, absorption and utilization, sources, requirements. Dietary fibre - Classification, sources, Requirements, and physiological importance.

### **Unit II Protein**

Protein – classification, functions in the body, digestion, absorption, utilization, sources, and requirements. Essential and non-essential amino acids, Protein Energy Malnutrition (PEM) –causes, prevention, and treatment.

# **Unit III Lipids**

Lipids – simple lipids, compound lipids, derived lipids, classification, functions, digestion, essential fatty acids, absorption, utilization, sources, and requirements. Lipids in our daily diet, the role of lipids in various diseases.

### **Unit IV Fat-soluble vitamins**

Fat-soluble vitamins: A, D, E, K: Functions, digestion and absorption, RDA, food sources, and deficiency diseases.

Water-soluble vitamins: Vitamin B1, B2, B4, B6, B12, and C: Functions, digestion and absorption, RDA, food sources, and deficiency diseases.

### Unit V Micro and Macro minerals

**Macro minerals:** Calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, sodium, and potassium: functions, requirements, deficiency and toxicity.

Micro minerals: Iron, copper, zinc, manganese, iodine, fluoride: Function, Requirements, Deficiency &toxicity

### **Textbook:**

1. Srilakshmi B Nutrition Science, New Age International Pvt Ltd.2017

### References

- 1. Paul S Bio Nutrition, Fundamental, and Management, RBSAPublishers, 2003
- 2. Kango m Normal Nutrition, Curing disease through diet, Third Edition, CBSPublication, 2005
- 3.Benjamin Caballero et.al Encyclopedia of Human Nutrition, Second Edition, Elsevier Limited, 2005
- 4.MahtabS, Bamji, Kamala et.al Text Book of Human Nutrition, Third Edition, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. P. Ltd., New Delhi, 2015
- 5. Sumati R Mudambi et.al Fundamentals of Foods, Nutrition and Diet Therapy, New age International (P)Ltd, 2020

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K1	CO1	Understand the role of food and nutrients in health and disease prevention.
K2	CO2	Develop competence to carry out investigations in nutrition.
К3	CO3	Development of a balanced diet to improve the general wellness of an individual.
K4	CO4	Understand functions of physiological systems as related to nutrition.
K5	CO5	Evaluate nutrition information based on scientific reasoning for clinical and community application.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNT22	HIIMAN BHYSIOI OCY	L	T	P	C
CORE-IV		HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	5	-	-	4

	<b>K2-</b> Understan	d K3 –Applying	K4 –Analyzing			
Cognitive level						
	Course aims to					
Learning objectives	1. Enable students to understand the structure and physiology					
	of variou	organs in thebody.				
	2. Help stu	dents to obtain a be	tter understanding of the			
	principles	of nutrition and diet	etics through the study of			
	physiolog	y.				

### **UNIT: I Cell**

Cell – structure, types of tissue, cell functions.

Digestive system —mouth, tongue, salivary glands, esophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine: Structure, functions, movements (Deglutition, peristalsis) and secretion of the gastrointestinal tract (Various enzymes and indigestion).

# **UNIT: II Respiratory system**

Respiratory system external organs of the respiratory system- nasal cavity, respiratory organ, parts of the respiratory system, structure, functions of the respiratory system, mechanism of the respiratory system, transport ofgases.

# **UNIT: III Circulatory system**

Circulatory system – Composition of blood – the structure of the heart and its working mechanism – conduction of heartbeat.

Excretion organ – general organization (including the structure of kidney, nephron, mechanism of urineformation).

# **UNIT: IV Sense Organs**

Sense Organs – tongue, nose Eye, Ear, Skin: structure, functions, and its importance. Nervous system – Central nervous system – autonomic nervous system: structure of the brain, the role of the spinalcord.

# **UNIT: V Endocrine gland**

Endocrine gland: definition, functions, hormones, Pituitary, Adrenal, Thyroid, ACTH, Parathyroid, and sex glands - Structure. Functions of ductless glands, location, hormone secretion, hyper, and hyposecretion its effect

# Text book

1. M. Arumugam, Human physiology, Saras Publication, 2016

### **Reference Books**

- 1. Sembulingam, Kirma, and PremaSembulingam. *Essentials of medical physiology*. JP Medical Ltd, 2012.
- 2. Ashalatha, P. R., and G. Deepa. *Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses*. JP Medical Ltd, 2012.
- 3. Chatterjee CC, Human Physiology, Volume I, 11th Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2016.
- 4. Sathya P and Devananda V, Textbook of Physiology, First edition, CBS Publishers and

Distributors Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2013

5. Boron WF and Boulais EL, Medical Physiology, Hedition, Saunders Elsevier, 2009

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Understand the Structure and Functions of the various organ systems of the body.
K2	CO2	Compare the digestive and excretory systems and infer the mechanisms of digestion and excretion in human beings.
K3	CO3	Relate the Structure with Functions of the tissues and organs.
K4	CO4	Comprehend the Mechanism of Action of Organs.
K4	CO5	Discuss the role of hormones and functions of human reproductive System.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/P	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO	PSO	PSO3	PSO4	PSO
O								1	2			5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0mark

# SEMESTER-III

Course Code	U21FNT31		L	Т	P	С
CORE-V		NUTRITION THROUGH LIFE CYCLE	5	1	-	4

Cognitive level	K2: Understand K3: Applying K4: Analyzing K5: Evaluating					
	Course aims to					
Learning objectives	1.Learn the principles of mealplanning.					
	2.Plan& prepare meals for the family members at different					
	income levels.					
	3. Plan meals for special groups - infants, preschoolers,					
	adolescents, pregnant & nursing mothers, and theaged.					

### **Unit I - Nutrition in Pregnancy and Lactation**

Nutritional status and general health, Physiological changes in pregnancy, Fetal under nutrition and consequence, Energy and calorie relationship in pregnancy, Weight gain protein vitamin mineral nutrition in pregnancy. Nutritional status and physiological changes during pregnancy and nutritional requirements. Complications Role of specific nutrients in pregnancy.

Lactation: Composition of breast milk, Importance of colostrum, RDA for lactating mother.

### Unit II - Nutrition during early childhood

Infancy: Nutritional status of infancy, Growth monitoring, Nutritional allowances, Breast feeding- importance, Weaning, Feeding premature infants, Low birth weight babies, and their nutritional care. Breast feeding Vs Bottle feeding

Pre-school age: Nutritional requirements, growth and diet prevalence of malnutrition, Malnutrition, and mental development, food habit, RDA.

### **Unit III – Nutrition during school age and adolescence**

**School-age:** Physical development and nutritional status, Food habits, and nutritional requirements.

**Adolescent:** Pattern of growth, nutritional need and food habit, Behavioral modification to combat malnutrition. Factors affecting food choices Nutritional problems among adolescence eating disorders

# Unit IV - Nutrition for adult

Adulthood-definition stages of adulthood period, early adulthood, middle adulthood, late adulthood, nutritional needs, deficiencies, RDA, Factors influencing Nutritional requirements based on physical activity.

# **Unit V - Nutrition for Elderly (Geriatric nutrition)**

Old age: definition, stages of old age, physiological changes in old age period, socioeconomic and physiological factors of the aged, and nutritional care of elderly. Dietary modification for old age recommended dietary intake.

### **Textbook**

1. Srilakshmi, Dietetics, New Age Publishers, New Delhi, 2017

# Reference books

- 1. Williams SR Nutrition and Diet Therapy, Sixth Edition C.V. Melskey Co,2000
- 2. Kango M Normal Nutrition, Curing diseases through diet, First Edition CBS Publications.2005
- 3. Paul S Text Book of Bio-Nutrition, Fundamental, and Management, RBSA Publishers.2003
- 4. Judith E. Brown Nutrition through the life cycle 5<sup>th</sup>Edition, CENGAGE Learning, US. 2019
- 5. Swaminathan M Food and Nutrition, SecondEdition, 2017

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

К2	CO1	Physiological changes and hormones are involved during pregnancy and lactation.
К3	CO2	Plan a healthy food choice for physical, physiological psychological aspects in infancy.
K4	CO3	the students will be able to relate nutrient needs to developmental stages and plan diets that will adequately meet nutritional needs During childhood.
K4	CO4	the student will learn the impact of growth and development in Arriving at the nutritional needs of adolescents.
K5	CO5	Determine nutrient requirements during old age.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S

Course Code	U21FNA33	NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY	L	Т	P	C
All	ied-III	NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY	5	-	-	4
Cognitive	level K	2: Understanding 4: Analyzing 5: Evaluating				

Learning objectives	Course aims to  1. the principles of Biochemistry  2.knowledge on the effect of diet on health and the functions of
	biological systems in relation to Nutritional biochemistry

### **Unit I – Carbohydrates**

Carbohydrate Metabolism Definition, Classification of carbohydrates – Monosaccharide, Disaccharide, and polysaccharide. Metabolism – glycolytic pathway, Electron transport chain, glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis, and Gluconeogenesis. Disorder of carbohydrate metabolism-Diabetes mellitus.

# **Unit II - Proteins and lipids**

Protein metabolism Definition, Classification of protein, Structure, Physical properties, Chemical properties, Amino acids- Essential and non-essential.

Lipid metabolism Definition, Structure, Classification of lipids-Saturated, Unsaturated fatty acid, Bio-Synthesis of fatty acid. Lipoproteins: Types, composition, role, and significance in diseases.

### Unit III – Enzyme

Enzymes –definition, functions of enzymes, classification of enzymes, mechanism of enzyme action, regulation of enzyme action, factors affecting enzyme activity. Role of enzymes in different digestion and metabolic pathways.

### **Unit IV - Water balance**

Water- composition of water in the human body, functions of water, water intake, Output, Balance, Dehydration: causes, and overcome measures, edema: causes, and preventive measures. Factors affecting water balance, Buffer system,

### Unit V - Antioxidants

Biochemical reactions in the human body, antioxidants and human health, free radical formation, antioxidant-rich foods, application of biochemistry in medicine & treatment in food science and nutrition.

### Text books:

- 1. Ramadevi K, Ed: Ambika Shanmugam's Fundamentals of biochemistry for medical students, 8th edition, Wolters Kluwer Health, India, 2016
- 2. Rodwell V, Bender D, Botham KM, Kennelly PJ, Weil PA, Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry, 30th Edition, McGraw hill Education, 2015.
- 3. Sulochana H, Principles of Biochemistry, PBS enterprises, Chennai, 2010

### Reference books

- 1. Cox MM and Nelson DL, Lehninger Principles of biochemistry, 5th edition, EH Freman&Company, New York, 2008
- 2. Vasudevan DM, Sreekumari S, Textbook of Biochemistry, 5th edition, Jaypee Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. Veera Kumari L, Biochemistry, 1st edition, MJP Publishers, 2005.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

К2	CO1	Students will understand the principles of biochemistry and also chemistry of major nutrients.
К2	CO2	The knowledge about the major metabolic pathways in human metabolism.
КЗ	CO3	The synthesis of nucleic acids and proteins.
K4	CO4	obtain complete knowledge on Enzyme and its application
K5	CO5	gain knowledge about the importance of vitamins and minerals in Human development.

# **Mapping of COs with Pos & PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
									2			
CO1	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	M	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0mark

# SEMESTER-IV

Course	U21FNT41		L	T	P	C
Code		THERAPEUTIC NUTRITION				
CORE-VI			4	-	-	4

Cognitive level	K2: UnderstandingK3: Applying K4: Analyzing K6: Creating
Learning objectives	Course aims to  1. Understand the fundamentals of baking and learn t  2. Learn the current status, growth rate, the economic importance of baking and confectionery inIndia.

### **Unit I Diet therapy**

Concept of Diet therapy: Purpose and principle of therapeutic diets, modification of normal diet, classification of therapeutic diets. Different feeding techniques - oral feeding, tube feeding, parenteral feeding, the role of dieticians in nutritionalcare.

### Unit II Fever diet

Fever: Causes, symptoms, management: Febrile disease acute – Typhoid, influenza, malaria, chronic – tuberculosis. Dietary management for fever condition: menu planning.

### Unit III Gastro intestinal diet

The disease of GI Tract: Diarrhoea, dysentery and constipation, Peptic ulcer: causes, symptoms, dietary recommendations.

The disease of Liver – Hepatitis, Cirrhosis, Assessment of gall bladder diseases nutritional status, causes, symptoms, and dietary treatment

### **Unit IV Life style diseases**

Life style associated diseases

- a) Causes symptoms and food exchange list, dietary treatment for Diabetesmellitus
- b) Cardiovascular diseases hypertension, atherosclerosis, congestive cardiac failure, and sodium-restricted diet in causes symptoms and dietarytreatment.
- c) Obesity and leanness cause symptoms and dietarytreatment.

# Unit V Renal diseases and cancer

- a) Diseases of the excretory system– nephritis, nephritic syndrome, urinary calculi, renal failure.
- b) Diet in allergy definition, classification, food allergies. Test for allergy, dietetic treatment.
- c) Cancer causes symptoms of dietary treatment.

### **Text books**

- 1. Robinson, Corinne Hogden, and Marilyn R. Lawler. *Normal and therapeutic nutrition*. No. Ed. 16. Collier Macmillan Publishers, 1982.
- 2. Dietary Guidelines of Indians- A Manual, National Institute of Nutrition, Hyderabad, 2006.
- 3. Srilakshmi B, Dietetics, sixth edition, New age Publishing Press, New Delhi, 2011.

### Reference books

- 1. Stacy N, William's Basic Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 12th edition, Elsevier publications, UK, 2005.
- 2. Elia M, Ljunggvist O, Stratton RJ, Lanham SA, Clinical Nutrition (The Nutrition Society Textbook), 2nd edition, Wiley Blackwell Publishers, 2013
- 3. Mahan LK, Stump SE, and Raymond JL, Krause's Food and Nutrition Care Process, 13th Edition, Elsevier Saunders, 2004.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

	ar compr	tion of the course, the students will be used to gain knowledge
K2	CO1	Plan and prepare a standardized hospital diet for the needed
		patients.
K2	CO2	Understand the concept, purpose, and principles of diet
		therapy and the role and types of dietitians.
K3	CO3	Delineate various deficiency disorders concerning their
		prevalence, causes, symptoms, and preventive measures.
K4	CO4	discuss the kinds of commercial formulas available for oral
		and enteral feedings.
K5	CO5	compare the food exchange list in the control of diabetes
		and complications.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO	PSO3	PSO4	PSO
									2			5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S

Course Code COI	U21FNP42 REVII	THERAPEUTIC NUTRITION PRACTICAL  L T P C  4 4									
Cognitive	level	K2: Understanding K3: Applying K4: Analyzing K5: evaluating K6: creating									
Learning o	objectives	<ol> <li>The course aims to</li> <li>gain knowledge about the role of no conditions.</li> <li>develop skills and techniques in the preparation of therapeutic diets for conditions.</li> </ol>	he	plar	ning	g and					

# Planning and preparation of therapeutic dietfor:

- 1. Routine hospital diet.
- 2. Typhoid
- 3. Tuberculosis
- 4. Diabetes mellitus
- 5. Peptic ulcer
- 6. Heart diseases
- 7. Kidney disease
- 8. Liver disease
- 9. Obesity
- 10. Underweight
- 11. Diarrhea
- 12. Constipation

### **Text Book**

- 1. Swaminathan Food Nutrition, Volume I, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Company, Bangalore, 2002
- 2. Gibney M J, Elia, MLjingquist. O Clinical Nutrition, Blackwell Science Publishing Co. USA. 2005

### **References:**

- 1. Anita F.P. Nutrition, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2002
- 2. Raheena, BA Textbook of Food, Nutritionand Dietetics, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 2009
- 3. Srilakshmi, B Dietetics New Age International Publishers, NewDelhi, 2018

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	design the principles of meal planning, diet therapy, therapeutic diets, and nutrition support.
К3	CO2	make appropriate dietary modifications for various disease conditions based on the path physiology.
K4	CO3	demonstrate the method to plan and prepare a diet for various diseases.
K5	CO4	evaluate the concept of food groups and exchanges for planning and preparing a balanced diet for various age groups and physiological conditions.
K6	CO5	create skill development in planning therapeutic diets using food exchange lists.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO	PO5	PO	PO	PSO	PSO2	PSO	PSO4	PSO5
				4		6	7	1		3		
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNA44	NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY	L	T	P	C
Al	lied-IV	PRACTICAL	-	-	4	4
Cognitive 1	level	K2: Understanding K3: Applying K4: Analyzing K5: Evaluating				
Learning (	bjectives	Course aims to  1. Understand the biochemical prepa 2. Identify the qualitative analysis of organic compounds.			thod	s.

# 1. Qualitative analysis of bio-organic compounds

- a. Carbohydrates
- b. Aminoacids
- c. Tests forproteins
- d. Tests for lipids test for cholesterol kit method TGkit

# 2.Biochemicalpreparation

- a. Starch(potato)
- b. Lactose(Milk)
- c. Casein(Milk)

# 3.Use of PH meter for the preparation of buffer.

# 4. Verification of Beer Lambert's law using a colorimeter.

- 1. Determining the extinction coefficient of a given color compound.
- 2.Determining the concentration of any given colour compound using a standard graph.

### Text book

1. Miller DD Food chemistry a laboratory manual, First Edition, John Wiley &Sons, 2014

# Reference book

- 1. Conn EE and Stump PK Outlines of Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern (P) Ltd., NewDelhi, 1981
- 2. Linder MC Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism with clinical applications, Second Edition, Appleton and Lange, 1991
- 3. Plummer DT An introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.1996

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledgeabout

K2	CO1	gain knowledge about quantitative analysis.
K2	CO2	use of PH meter for the preparation of buffer
K3	CO3	apply practical skills in qualitative analysis of proteins
K4	CO4	Acquire skill in the preparation of the solution.
K5	CO5	determining the extinction coefficient of a given colour
		compound.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S

### Semester-V

Course Code	U21FNT51	TEXTILES AND CLOTHING	L	T	P	С
CORE-VIII			5	-	-	4
Cognitive I	evel	K2: Understanding K3: Applying K4: Analyzing K5: Evaluating				
Learning o	bjectives	The course aims to 1. understand textile fibers, their properties 2. impart knowledge on spinning, fabricpre 3. to develop the skill to choose appreciate techniques for a givenfabric	oduc	tion.		

### **Unit I Textile fibers**

**Fiber** – Definition, Meaning, Classification of Textiles Fibers- Natural fiber-cotton, Flax, silk, wool- origin, manufacturing process, properties, and end-uses. Minor Textile fibers-, properties and uses.Regenerated fibers-Rayon and acetate-origin, manufacturing process, properties, and end-uses.

### **Unit II Synthetic fibers**

**Synthetic fibers:** Nylon, Dacron, Orlon, and Acrylic- origin, manufacturing process, properties, and end-users. Spinning –Definition, meaning, types of spinning. Yarn and Twist – Definition, counts of yarns. Meaning and Classification natural manmade yarns and Novelty yarns. Blends and Mixtures (understanding concepts only).

### **Unit III Fabric structure**

**Fabric Structure**: Weaving- Definition, Meaning, parts, and functions of the simple loom. Types of weaves- Basic weaves and fancy weaves-Mock leno, honeycomb, huckaback, backed cloth, dobby, jacquard. Non-woven, knitting- Definition, Meaning, classification of knitting, Knotting, Lacing, Braiding, Bonding and Felting.

### **Unit IV Textile finishing**

**Textile Finishing** –Basic Finishes-Singeing, Desiring, scouring bleaches, Mercerizing, Napping, Sanforising, Special finishes –Antimicrobial, Water-repellent, and Waterproof finishes, Flame Resistant, Stain Resistant, finishes suitable to Natural and manmade fibers.

### Unit V Dyeing

**Dyeing-** Definition of Dyes, Meaning and concept of Dyes, Classification of dyes, Dyes suitability to various fibers. Methods of Dyeing- Stock dyeing, yarn dyeing, piece dyeing, cross, and union dyeing. Printing – Definition, Styles of printing-Direct, Discharge, Resist. Colorfastness.

### **Textbook**

1. Rose Sinclair Textile and Fashion, wood head publishingLtd. 2005

### Reference books

- 1. Anne Allen and Fulani Seaman Fashion Drawing-The basic principles replica press private Ltd,India.2005
- 2. H. Mattila intelligent textiles and clothing wood head publishing Ltd. 2006
- 3. Sara J Kadolph The Textiles Dorling Kindersley India Pvt.,Ltd.2009
- 4.R.Shishao The global textile and clothing industry wood head publishing Ltd.2012
- 5. Dr. SubramaniaSenthilKannanMuthu Handbook of lifecycle assessment(LCA) of textile and clothing,wood head publishing Ltd.2015

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Understand the textile fibers, their properties, and their
		uses.
К3	CO2	Impart knowledge on spinning, fabric production
K4	CO3	Gain knowledge in different types of textile fibers, origin, its
		classifications and properties.
K4	CO4	Able to identify different fiber types based on their physical and chemical parameters.
K5	CO5	Acquire knowledge in dyeing and finishing.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO 3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNT52	COMMUNITY NUTRITION	L	Т	P	C
CO	RE IX		5	-	-	4
COGNITIV	E LEVEL	K2: Understanding K3:Applying K4: analyzing K5: Evaluating				
Learning Objectives  The Course aims to  1. know the development of an individual from infancy adolescence.  2. develop an awareness of the problems of children, adolescents, and exceptionalchildren.					to	

# **Unit I Community nutrition**

Concept of Community, the concept of nutrition, Determinants of food consumption and nutritional problems of the community- Malnutrition- aetiology of malnutrition- Measure to combat malnutrition improvement of nutrition of a community.

### **Unit II Assessment of nutritional status**

Assessment of Nutritional status of the community -Anthropometry: height, weight, BMI, WHR, IBW, Clinical: deficiency diseases, Biochemical methods: Hemogram analysis, Diet surveys: 24-hour recall, three-day dietary recall, food frequency.

# **Unit III Nutrition program**

Existing nutrition programs in the state- various National (ICMR, ICAR, NIN, NNMB, NHANES, CFTRI) and international organizations (UNICEF, WHO, FAO). Nutrition surveillance – objectives, indicators in nutritional surveillance and their characteristics, data surveillance in India.

### **Unit IV Nutrition education**

Nutrition education: definition, concept, to the community- meaning and principles of program planning – plan of work and its elements, conducting nutrition education to the community. Learning objectives and outcomes of nutritioneducation.

# Unit V Teaching aids

Teaching aids for nutrition education: Audio Visual Aids- Traditional and modern methods in conducting nutrition education program to the community. Benefits of nutritioneducation tools.

### **Textbook**

1. Dandiya S. ChandZafer, Z.Y Health Education and Community, Vallabh Prakashan Printers, New Delhi. 2003

# Reference: -

1. Park Textbook of preventive and social Medicine, 18th,

BanarsidesBhanotPublishers, Jabalpur, 2005

- 2. Srilakshmi B Nutrition Science, New Age International Pvt.Ltd, NewDelhi, 2006
- 3. KhaderFoods, Nutrition, and Health, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. 2003
- 4. RamachandranDharma lingam Health education, VikasPublishingHouse Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi. 2005
- 5. Reedy. R.S Nutrition Education common health, Publishers, New Delhi, 1998

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	identify suitable methods for resolve nutrition-related problems
		in
		community.
К3	CO2	evaluatethe nutritional status of the community.
K4	CO3	analyze maternal and child health care programs.
K4	CO4	assess immunization and its effective actions.
K5	CO5	outline the various agencies in uplifting the nutritional status and their roles.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course						
Code	U21FNT53	HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	L	T	P	C

CORE X	5 4
COGNITIVE LEVEL	K 2: Understanding K 4: Analyzing K 5: Evaluating
Learning Objectives	The Course aims to  1. know the development of an individual from infancy to adolescence.  2. develop an awareness of the problems of children, adolescents, and exceptionalchildren.

### Unit I Growth and development

Human Development – Significance – Stages of Life Span Growth and Development - Meaning, principles, factors influencing growth and development. Methods of child study-- projective technique, observation, experimentation, case study (elementary treatment). Needs of Children.

### Unit I Prenatal development and childbirth

Conception, Stages of prenatal development. Signs and symptoms of Pregnancy. Common discomforts and complications of pregnancy. Factors influencing prenatal development. Maternal mortality — Causes and prevention. Child Birth — stages and types. Post-natal care of the mother.

### Unit III

Pre-School Education: Meanings, objectives, importance, and types. Pre-school setup, equipment, characteristics of pre-school teacher's importance of audio-visual aids for pre-school.Play- definition and types.

# Unit IV Social and emotional development

Social, emotional, adjustment problem of adolescence. Physiological needs of children-love, affection – security independence.

Behavior Problems: Causes, prevention, types – temper tantrum, thumb sucking, bedwetting, and other issues.

### **UNIT-V**

Children with Special Needs - Definition, identification, Classification: physically challenged, visually challenged, autism, ADHD, dyslexia, and other learning disabilities, special education services, and their importance. Agencies to promote the special children.

### Textbook

1. Devadas R.P and Jaya N Child development, Macmillan Publishers, India, 1994

### Reference book

- 1. Hurlock, F. B Child development, 6 th Edition M.C grow Hill Network. 2004
- 2. Suriakanthi A Child development, An introduction. Kavitha publicationsGandhigram Tamil Nadu, 2004

- 3. Papalia,D.E and Olds,S.W Human Development, TataMc.Graw Hill Company, NewYork, 2005
- 4. ShrimaliS Child Development, RawatPublications, NewDelhi. 2008
- 5. Santrock J. WChild development grows Hill Network. 2014

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Outline the principles of development from conceptionto
		birth.
K5	CO2	Compare the development pattern of infancy and early
		childhood during the life cycle.
K5	CO3	Critique the growth and development changes between
		childhood and adolescence.
K4	CO4	Explain the importance of childhood care, guidance and
		Counseling.
K4	CO5	Discuss the methods of disciplining children and their
		effects.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code U21FNT54 FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT L T P C	Course Code	U21FNT54	FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT	L	Т	P	C
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CORE XI	5 4
COGNITIVE LEVEL	K 2: Understanding K 4:Analyzing K 5:Evaluating
Learning Objectives	<ul> <li>The course aims to</li> <li>discuss the scope of foodservice management principles and functions.</li> <li>explain the functions of personnel management organization.</li> <li>compare the electrical and non-electrical equipments in the food serviceestablishment.</li> <li>analyze the cost account methods and theirimportance.</li> <li>evaluatethe kind of kitchenlayout.</li> </ul>

### **Unit I Foodservice management: overview**

Foodservice systems: Definition, objective, functions: Planning, organizing, directing, controlling, coordinating, and evaluating. Types of service – English, French, American, room service and mobile, buffet. Growth of foodservice industry – factors affecting the growth of food service industry.

# Unit II Equipments and layout

Equipments used in Foodservice industries-Classification of equipments electrical and non-electrical equipments for food storage, preparation, serving, dishwashing, and laundering. Food plant -Types of Kitchens, Layout of different food service establishments, drainage, Waterlines, lighting, and ventilation.

### **Unit III Food safety**

Food safety: definition, principles, the importance of food safety in foodservice institutes, sanitation and hygiene in food service institution- kitchen, distribution, and Storage. Waste disposal, Pest control, and other safety measures.

### Unit IV Tools of management and personnel management

Tools-The Organization Chart, Job Description, and specification, Time schedule, Work schedule, Job Analysis, Personnel Management: Selection, training, supervision of personnel. Labor policy and legislation. Employee facilities and benefits, welfare schemes, and laws governing food service institutions.

# Unit V Financial management

Financial Management: Buying and accounting procedures in food service institution, budget and its types, inventory control, methods of cost control, Cost accounting/analysis-

Cost concepts- types of cost-fixed cost, semi-fixed cost, variable cost. Cost accounting and bookkeeping, maintenance of the account, balance sheet, foodcosting.

### **Textbook**

1. Mohini Sethi and SurjeetMalhan, Catering Management, Third Edition, New Ade International (P) Ltd Publishers, 2015

### Reference

- 1. West. B.B. Wood L., Harger, V.F. Food Service Institutions,5thEdition, John Wiley and Sons, INC., New York1977
- 2. Shukla. M.C. Business Organization and Management S. Chand and Co., Ltd., Ramnagar, New Delhi1982
- 3. Nathaniel, R.S Catering Management for Hotel, Surject publication New Delhi, 1991
- 4. P.N. Reddy, S. SGulshan. Principles of Business Organization and Management, Eurasia Publishing House, Ramnagar New Delhi.2007
- 5. June Payne Foodservice Management Principles and Practices, 13 <sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson Education Limited.2016

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain Knowledge about

K2	CO1	Discuss the scope of foodservice management principles and
		functions.
K5	CO2	Explain the functions of personnel management organization
K4	CO3	Compare the electrical and non-electrical equipment's in foodservice
		establishment.
K4	CO4	Analyze the cost account methods and their importance.
K5	CO5	Evaluate the kind of kitchen layout.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

Com	100						
Coul	U21FNT55	FOOD MICROBIOLOGY	L	T	P	C	
Coc	e						

CORE-XII	5 4							
	K2: Understanding							
Cognitive level	K3: Applying							
	K4: Analyzing							
	The course aims to							
Learning objectives	1. gain knowledge of the role of micro-organisms in health and disease							
	2. to understand the role of micro-organisms in the spoilage of various foods.							
	to gain knowledge of micro-organisms in relation to food and							
	food preservation							

# Unit I Microorganisms classification

Micro Organism in food Bacteria – General characteristics of bacteria, bacteria morphology, cell structure, motility, nutrition, reproduction, and respiration.

Virus: - General characteristics of viruses, viral diseases, symptoms, and control of viral diseases.

Yeast: - General characteristics of yeast, the economic importance of yeast.

Mould: - General characteristics of Mould, economic importance of Mould.

Protozoa: - General characteristics of protozoa, morphology, plasmodium, protozoa diseases- dysentery, malaria.

# Unit II Factors affecting microbial growth

The general principle underlying spoilage of food: fitness and unfitness of food for consumption, causes of spoilage, factors affecting the growth of microorganisms in food: moisture, humidity, temperature, oxygen, pH, and other factors. Physicaland Chemical changes caused bymicroorganisms.

### Unit III Food contamination

Sources of Microorganisms in foods, classification of food: perishable, semi-perishable, non-perishable foods. Types of food spoilage microorganisms Spoilage of specific food groups- cereal and cereal products, pulses, fruits and vegetables, milk and meat products,

### **Unit I Food Fermentations**

Fermentation –definition and types, Microorganisms used in food fermentations Dairy Fermentations-starter cultures and their types, the concept of probiotics, types of fermented foods, methods and preparation for vinegar, sauerkraut, soya sauce. Advantages of fermented foods, commercially fermentedfoods.

### UNIT: V

Food-borne diseases: Bacterial food borne diseases (Staphylococcal intoxication, Botulism, Salmonellosis, Shigellosis, Enteropathogenic Escherichia Coli Diarrhoea Clostridium Perfringens gastroenteritis, Bacillus cereus Gastroenteritis). Food Borne Viral Pathogens, protozoa, Mycotoxins: Aflatoxicosis, Mycotoxicosis, Ergotism

### Textbooks: -

1.Frazier W.C and West Off DC 2013) Food Microbiology. Fifth Edition Graw HillEducation (India) Pvt Ltd. Delhi 2013

### **Reference Books-**

- 1. PelczarMicha ECS and Kreigh NR Microbiology, Eighth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi. 2000
- 2. Willey UM, Sherwood LM, and WoolvertonCJ Prescott's Microbiology, Eighth Edition, Mc Graw-HillInternational, 2011
- 3. Foster WM Food Microbiology, CBSPublishers. 2016
- 4. Thomas J. Montville Food MicrobiologyJohnwiley and Sons, Ltd. 2008)
- 5. GeorgeBanwart Basic FoodMicrobiologySecondEdition, International ThomsonPublishing, Tokyo. 2012

### **COURSE OUTCOME**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Understand the classification of micro-organisms and its characteristics in foods.
K2	CO2	The factors affecting the growth in controlling the growth curve of micro organisms.
К3	CO3	Able to preserve the perishable foods from different types of microbial spoilage.
K4	CO4	Compare food borne infection and food intoxication.
K4	CO5	Explore the beneficial effects of microorganisms in the processing and development of fermented foods.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

#### **SEMESTER VI**

Course Code U21FNT61	NUTRITION AND FITNESS	T	P	C					
CORE-XIII	1,01111101,111,1200	5	-	-	4				
COGNITIVE LEVEL	K2: Understanding		•						
	K3: Applying								
	K4: Analyzing								
Learning Objectives	The Course aims to	The Course aims to							
	1. learn about the importance of Nutrition in	1. learn about the importance of Nutrition in sports							
	personnel.								
2. to find out the sources of generation of energy for musc and force generation.									

### **Unit I Body composition**

Body composition and fitness Body Composition- classification (Fat mass and fat-free mass) and its components, factors influencing body mass composition. Techniques for measuring body composition Fitness-definition, parameters of fitness- cardiovascular endurance, muscular strength, muscular endurance, flexibility, and bodycomposition

#### **Unit II Assessment of exercise**

Assessment and benefit of exercise-physiological, psychological, and sociological. Physical activity guidelines. Assessing personal fitness- pre-participation, screening, and risk assessment. Role of exercise in disease prevention – diabetes, cardiovascular disease, obesity, bone health, and cancer.

### **Unit III Energy system**

Energy systems and electrolyte balance Reviews of different energy systems for endurance and power activity- Fuels and nutrients to support physical activity. Shifts in carbohydrate and fat metabolism, mobilization of fat stores during exercise. Water and electrolyte balance- Losses and their replenishment during exercise and sports events, the effect of dehydration, sports drinks

### Unit IV Nutrition for sportspersons

Nutrition for sports person Definition, physiological and significant changes during exercise, types of stress faced by sports persons, nutrition needs of sports personsmacro and micronutrient needs,the role of water and electrolytes. Role of nutrition and recommendations – pre-exercise, during, and post-exercise Nutrition supplement and ergogenicaids.

## Unit V Yoga and fitness

Yoga and nutrition fitness in special conditions 5.1 Yoga and fitness- effects on general vitality and immune, endocrine, neurons, digestion, and muscular systems, dietary pattern. Awareness about the alternative systems for health and fitness like Ayurveda, yoga, vegetarianism, and traditionaldiets

### **Textbooks**

- 1. Bean A, The Complete Guide To Sports Nutrition, 7th edition, Bloomsbury, London, 2013.
- 2. Srilakshmi B, Suganthi V, Ashok CK. Exercise physiology, fitness and Sports Nutrition. New age international publishers, 2018.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Dunford M, Fundamentals Of Sports And Exercise Nutrition, Human Kinetics, Illinois, 2010
- 2. Jeukendrup A and Gleeson M, Sports Nutrition: An introduction to energy production and performance, Human Kinetics publishers, 2004
- 3. Maughan RJ, Burke LM, Handbook of Sports Medicine & Science- Sports Nutrition, Blackwell Science publications, 2002

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Outline the self-responsibility for personal health and wellness.
K4	CO2	Analyze the role of nutrition in sports.
K2	CO3	Discuss the various parameters used to find healthstatus.
К3	CO4	Evaluate the effect of exercise on various nutrient metabolisms.
K2	CO5	Compare different exercise methods and learn their application.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO /	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
PO												
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNT62	FAMILY RESOURCE	L	Т	P	C						
COR	RE- XIV	MANAGEMENT	5	1	-	4						
COGNITIVI	E LEVEL	K2: Understanding										
		K3: Applying K4: Evaluating										
Learning Ob	jectives	The Course aims to										
		• understand the importance of management in family and personalliving										
		• improve their ability in the management of familyResources										
		• understand and apply the basic principles of art in Interior decoration.										
		• understand the elementary principles of planning a house and its interiorarrangement.										
		• to use the principles of design in day-to-daylife.										

## **Unit I Hotel management**

**Home Management Meaning and Process-**Concept of Home Management.Planning, organizing, controlling, and evaluation. Managerial inputs – values, goals, and standards – their interrelationship. Resources – classification and characteristics; are optimizing the use of family resources.Decision making – Meaning, types – steps in decision making – ways of resolving conflicts.Characteristics of a good homemanager.

## Unit II Time and energy management

**Time and energy management Time -** Importance of time management – guidelines in the planning time schedule. Energy: Its importance –fatigue-types of fatigue and ways of overcoming fatigue. Work simplification – Mundel's Classes of changes. Work measurement. Advantages of worksimplification.

### Unit III Applied art design

**Applied art Design - Meaning**, types, characteristics, elements of design, principles of design harmony, proportion, balance, emphasis, and rhythm. Colour: Qualities of colour – Prang colour system – colour harmonies. Application of the principles in simple designs. Flower arrangement: Principles, types. Accessories in the home – Classification, and selection.

## **Unit IV House Plan and Arrangement Site**

**House plan and arrangement Site -** Selection – factors to be considered. House Plans – types – reading of floor plans – drafting floor plansfor middle- and low-income group families. Features of a house contributing to livability – orientation, grouping – roominess, lighting and ventilation, circulation, storage facilities, privacy, flexibility, sanitation, andeconomy.

# Unit V Room Arrangement Furniture

**Room arrangement furniture -** Selection, arrangement, and care. Furnishings – Type, Selection, and care. Application of art principles in room arrangement. Kitchen – different types of kitchen layout and its work simplification.

### **Textbook**

1. Seetharaman, Premavathy, Sonia Batra, and PreetiMehra. *An Introduction to Family Resource Management*. CBS, 2005.

### **References:**

- 1. Seymour, John, The Self-Sufficient Life and How to Live It. London: DK Publishing, 2003.
- 2. Princen, T, The Logic of Sufficiency. New York: MIT Press, 2005.
- 3. Ciperthwaite, Wm, A Handmade Life: In Search of Simplicity. New York: Chelsea Green, 2004.
- 4. Heinberg, Richard, Power-down: Options and Actions for a Post-Carbon World. Canada: New Society Publishers, 2004.
- 5. Moore, Tami James, and Sylvia M. Asay. Family resource management. Sage Publications, 2017.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledgeabout

K4	CO1	improve their ability in the management of family Resources
K2	CO2	understand and apply the basic principles of art in Interior
		decoration.
K2	CO3	understand the elementary principles of planning a house andits
		interior arrangement.
K3	CO4	to use the principles of design in day-to-day life.
K5	CO5	the importance of management in family and personal living.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNT63	FUNCTIONAL FOODS AND	L	Т	P	C				
CORE	-XV	NUTRACEUTICALS	5	-	1	4				
COGNITIV	E LEVEL	K 2 -Understanding K 4 – analyzingK 5 – Evaluating								
Learning Ob	pjectives	The course aims to  1. enable the students to familiarize themselves foods and Nutraceuticals  2. enable the students to know the importance of and Nutraceuticals								

#### **Unit I Functional foods**

Definitions Background, the status of nutraceuticals and functional food market, the difference between nutraceuticals and functional foods, Types of nutraceutical compounds and their health benefits, currentscenario.

### **Unit II Nutraceuticals**

Types of nutraceutical compounds – Phytochemicals, phytosterols, and other bioactive compounds, peptides, and proteins, carbohydrates (dietary fibers, oligosaccharides, and resistant starch), prebiotics, probiotics and symbiotic, lipids (Conjugated Linoleic Acid, omega-3 fatty acids, fat replacers), vitamins and minerals; their sources and role in promoting humanhealth.

# **Unit III Phytochemicals**

Phytochemicals compounds used as functional food sources, their sources and health benefits: Flavonoids, allylsulfides, carotenoids, indoles, isothiocyanates, cardiac glycosides, monoterpenes, isoflavones and saponins, glycosylates, OrganoSulphur compounds, omega- 3 fattyacids.

# Unit IV Functional foods in various groups

Functional foods: Cereal and cereal products, Milk and milk products, egg, oils, meat and products, seafoods, nuts and oilseeds, functional fruits and vegetables, herbs and spices, beverages (tea, wine,etc.), Fermented foods – their health benefits and role in conditions like cardiovascular diseases, hypertension, diabetes, etc. Pre-biotic and probiotics –health and other benefits.

#### Unit V Functional foods regulations

Role of functional foods as an antioxidant, their potential for use in improving health.Development in the processing of functional foods.Formulation and fabrication of functional foods.Stability of nutraceuticals. Safety, Consumer acceptance, and assessment of health claims, labeling, marketing, and regulatory issues related to nutraceuticals and functional foods.

#### **Textbook:**

1. Satyanarayana, U, Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd., Kolkata, 2007

# **References:**

- 1. Dubey, R.C Text Book of Biotechnology, S. Chand and Co. Ltd, NewDelhi2001
- 2. Israel Goldberg Functional foods, Pharma foods and Nutraceuticals, Culinary and Hospitality Industry Publication Services, 2001
- 3. Robert Easy Wildman Handbook of Nutraceuticals and functional foods, Culinary and Hospitality Industry Publication Services, 2001

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledgeabout

K2	CO1	Analyze the photochemical compounds physiological compounds and functional of natural as basis well of as various synthetic
K5	CO2	Compare functional food and nutraceuticals in plant sources to evaluate the potential health benefits of plant-based bioactive components
K4	CO3	Assess pro-biotics, prebiotics, and symbiotics and evaluate the potential health benefits.
K4	CO4	Explain the regulatory issues related to nutraceuticals and functional foods.
K5	CO5	Evaluate the Consumer acceptability and marketing of potentially available functional food Products

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
1												
PO												
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M

Course Code	U21FNT64	NUTRITION IN SPECIAL	L	T	P	C
CORI	E-XVI	CONDITION	5	1	-	4
COGNITIV		K2 -Understanding K4 - analyzing K5 — Evaluating				
Learning Ob	jectives T	<ol> <li>to identify and contribute to the prevention social health problems in the country.</li> <li>to equip students with workable knowled common illnesses athome.</li> <li>to combat various National nutritional erepidemic diseases.</li> <li>to understand the difficulties involved in withspecial needs.</li> </ol>	lge t nerg	o tre	at es ar	nd

# Unit I - Nutritional care for the children with special needs

Nutritional care for the children with special needs Overview of the disability, food and nutritional needs, and their modification. Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, Autism, Cerebral palsy, Down's syndrome. Major nutritional problems and eatinghabits.

# **Unit II - Epidemic diseases**

Epidemic diseases - (i) Dengue, chikungunya, and other epidemic conditions. Hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism. Wilson's Disease: epidemiology, causes, symptoms, complications, nutritional requirement, dietary measures, a nutritional and eating disorder in epidemic diseases, problems, and preventive measures.

#### **Unit III- Nutritional Emergency**

Nutritional Emergency Nutrition during an emergency: Natural calamity - war, flood, fire famine Nutrition in a sea voyage, Mountaineering. Food requirements, the importance of food supply, the concept of food preparation and distribution, food contamination, and food-borne diseases.

# Unit IV- Space nutrition

Space Nutrition: Food Selection. Food preparation for space Planning and serving the food, Classification of space food and Dehydrated foods use in space. Organization for food safety, safety measures in space foods, and importance of space nutrition. Recent advances in space nutrition.

#### Unit V - Armed forces nutrition

Armed forces nutrition: The history of Military nutrition, Nutrient Support in Military person, the role of nutrient in the injured person, Estimation of energy and protein metabolism in armed person. Recent developments in armed forces nutrition, the significance of armed forces nutrition.

### **Text books**

- 1. Sharma S, Wadhwa A., "Nutrition in the Community- A textbook", Elite Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 2003.
- 2. Srilakshmi B. "Dietetics" Seventh Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd, 2011

# **References:**

- 1. Gibney., "Public Health Nutrition", Blackwell Publishing, 2004.
- 2. Khanna., "Textbook of Nutrition and Dietetics", Phoenix Publisher, 2013.

### **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	prevention of public health/ social health problems in the
		country.
K5	CO2	workable knowledge to treat common illnesses at home.
K4	CO3	combat various National nutritional emergencies
K4	CO4	epidemic diseases.
K5	CO5	difficulties involved in feeding children with special needs.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNP63	COMMINITY NUTDITION	L	Т	P	С					
COR	E-XVII	COMMUNITY NUTRITION PRACTICAL	-	-	6	4					
COGNITIV	E LEVEL	K2: Understand K3: Applying K4: Analyzing K5: Evaluating K6: Creating									
Learning Ob	jectives	<ol> <li>The Course aims to</li> <li>identify suitable methods for resolve nu problems inthe community.</li> <li>analyze maternal and child health carer</li> <li>understand the various AV Aids used it</li> </ol>	orogi	ams							

### Assessment of nutritional status

- 1. Anthropometry-Hb, weight, BMICalculation, Headand Chest circumference,
- 2. Biochemicalassessment(Haemoglobin,Bloodpressure, andbloodglucoselevels)
- 3. Clinical assessment using aquestionnaire
- 4. (3 days 24 Hour dietary recall, foodfrequency)

### II. Visit ICDS and Noon mealcentres

- 1. Functions of ICDS and noon mealcentres
- 2. Beneficiaries of ICDS and noon mealcentres

#### III. Nutritioneducation

- 1. Av Aids and tools used for nutritioneducation
- 2. Plan a nutrition education program for a selected group.

## **Textbook:**

- 1. Park K, Park's Textbook of preventive medicine, 2005.
- 2. Bamji, Textbook of Human Nutrition, Oxford publishers, New Delhi, 2010

#### Refernces

- 1. ChanderVir S, Public Health Nutrition in developing countries, Part II, 1st edition, Woodhead Publishing, New Delhi, 2011
- 2. Gopalan C., Ramanathan, P.V. Balasubramanian, S.C., Nutritive value of Indian foods, NIN, Hyderabad, 2010
- 3. Bhatt VB, Protein Energy Malnutrition, PeePee Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
- 4. Sharma N, Child Nutrition, 1st edition, Murarilal& sons, New Delhi, 2006

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledgeabout

K2	CO1	Assess the nutritional status of the community.
K3	CO2	To understand the Functions and beneficiaries of ICDS and
		noon meal centres.
K4	CO3	Gain knowledge on the national effort to combat
		malnutrition.
K5	CO4	Biochemical assessment (Haemoglobin, Blood pressure,
		and blood glucose levels)
K6	CO5	To gain knowledge about Dietary assessment.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNE311	ENTEREPRENEURSHIP	L	Т	P	С				
ELEC	CTIVE-I	DEVELOPMENT	4	-	-	3				
COGNITIVI	E LEVEL	K2: Understanding K 4: Analyzing K5: Evaluating								
Learning Ob	jectives	<ol> <li>The course aims to</li> <li>create awareness about entrepreneurship a "White-collarjob".</li> <li>students can be taken to trade fairs to col on industrial products of interest.</li> </ol>								

### **Unit I Entrepreneurship**

Entrepreneurship – meaning, importance, types – the role of entrepreneurs in economic development, need, the transition from income generation to self-employment, and Entrepreneurship. Qualities of a good entrepreneur. Problems of entrepreneurs, qualities of an entrepreneur – entrepreneur as a career.

### Unit II Factors influencing entrepreneurial development

Factors influencing entrepreneurial development – Economic, legal, social and psychological factors. How to start a business – production, selection – a form of ownership plant location – land, building, water, and power – raw materials – machinery – manpower – otherinfrastructuralfacilities—Licensing,registration,andlocalbye-laws.

### **Unit III Agencies supporting Entrepreneurial Development Programme**

Agencies supporting Entrepreneurial Development ProgrammeInstitutional Arrangement for Entrepreneurship development – D.I.C., TIIC, S.I.D.C.O, N.S.I.C., S.I.S.I – Institutional Finance to Entrepreneurs – T.I.I.C.,S.I.D.B.I.

Commercial Banks – Incentives to small-scale industries.

#### Unit IV Project proposal

Project proposal – Proposal format and contentsteps in its preparation, Feasibility testing, SWOT analysis. Project report – Meaning and Importance – Project Identification – Contents of a project report – (as per requirements of Financial Feasibility and Economic Feasibility – Break-Even Analysis.

# Unit V Entrepreneurship in food product development

Entrepreneurship developments in food product developments, functions, significance. Case histories of successful entrepreneurs – Entrepreneurship development in India – Women Entrepreneurship in India -Sickness in small scale industries and their remedialmeasures.

# **Text books**

- 1. Chaiwallah S.A. Sales Management, Himalayan Publishing House New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Dr.N.Rajan Nair, Sajith R. Nair Marketing, Sutanchand Sons, New Delhi, 2002

#### References

- 1. Vasant Desai, Project Management and entrepreneurship, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2000
- 2. David H. Moll, Entrepreneurship, prentice Hall of India, New Delhi 1999.
- 3. Frank Jerkins, Advertising, prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2000.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledgeabout

K2	CO1	have an ability to discern and distinct entrepreneurial traits.
K4	CO2	understandthe systematic process to select and screen a
		businessidea.
K4	CO3	to assess opportunities and constraints for new business ideas
K5	CO4	design strategies for successful entrepreneurs.
K5	CO5	write a business plan.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S

Course Code	U21F	NE312	BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY	L	T	P	C
ELEC	CTIVE-	[		4	-	-	3
Cognitive le	evel	l	nderstanding K3: Applying alyzing K6: Creating				
Learning objectives		• 1	e aims to understand the fundamentals of baking and latechnologies behind bakery products. learn the current status, growth rate, the economportance of baking, and confectionery in latech status.	nomi	c		

# **Unit I - Introduction of bakery**

Introduction of bakery—definition, principles, types of baked and confectionery products. Major and minor equipment – required to start a small bakery unit. Baking Industry: scope in the Indian economy. History of Baking- present trends, Bakery terms. Nutritional facts of bakery products, Standards, and regulations.

## **Unit II - Ingredients of bakery**

Major and minor ingredients in baking Major ingredients – flour, fat, sugar and leavening agent – types, role in bakery Minor ingredients – milk, water, salt – types, role in baker. Bakery Products: Ingredients & processes for bread, biscuits, cookies & crackers. Cakes, pastries, doughnuts, rusks, other baked products Staling and losses in baking.

# Unit III - Principles of baking

Principles involved in the yeast products preparation, methods – straight dough method, salt delayed method, no dough time method, sponge and dough method, ferment and dough method. Modified bakery products and breakfast cereals: High fiber, low sugar, low fat, and gluten-free bakery products for people with special requirements. Production and quality of breakfastcereals.

## **Unit IV - Confectionery Products**

Confectionery Products: Characteristics and processingof raw material; Technology of manufacturing of Hard-boiled candies, toffees, fruit drops, chocolates, and other confectioneries: ingredients, processes, product quality parameters, defects, and corrective measures.

# Unit V - Equipments in bakery and confectionery

Equipment used in Bakery and Confectionery Industry: Working on various equipment like Mixers, proofing chambers, dough dividers, molder and sheeter, baking ovens, cooling chamber, sealing and packaging machines, rolling and cutting machine of bakery and confectioneryunit.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. Dubey, S.C (2007) Basic Baking 5 th edition. ChanakyaMudrak Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Raina, Basic Food Preparation-A complete Manual. 3 rd. edition, Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd. USA, 2003.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Hui, YiuHin, Harold Corke, Ingrid De Leyn, Wai-Kit Nip, and Nanna A. Cross, eds. *Bakery products: science and technology*. John Wiley & Sons, 2008.
- 2. Kaur, Kulvinder. In the Bakery. Routledge, 2019.
- 3. Khetarpaul, Neelam. Bakery Science and cereal technology. Daya Books, 2005.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	understand the bakery science and its application on processing.
K3	CO2	identify the basic ingredients to prepare bakery and confectionery products.
K4	CO3	assess various methods in the preparation of modified bakeryproducts.
K4	CO4	choose the appropriate bakery equipment based on the specific needs.
K6	CO5	check Faults and provide remedies for bakery products.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M

Course Code	U21FNE313		L	Т	P	С
EL	ECTIVE-I	EXTENSION EDUCATION	4	-	1	3
Cognitive Level	K2: Under K3: Apply K4: Analy					
Learning Objectives	• 1	e aims to  Jinderstand the fundamentals of Extension Extension the theorem is and the various extension methods and amiliarizing types of audios - visual aids	Educa	ation		

### **Unit I Fundamentals of Extension Education**

History of Extension - origin, and growth, Scope and importance of Extension Education Meaning and definition of extension education, Characteristics and types of Extension Education, Contents and components of extension education, Goals and objectives of extension education.

# **Unit II Principles of Extension Education**

Principles of extension education: Philosophy of extension education, Principles of extension education, Principles of Teaching, Training and Field work, Principles of Learning, Learning Experience, Elements of teaching-learning situation, Types of the Learning situation.

#### **Unit III Classification of extension methods**

Classification of extension methods: Meaning and functions of extension methods, the significance of extension methods, techniques, approaches, and strategies, Classification based on the size of the audience, nature or form, Criteria for selection, and combination of various extension methods.

# Unit IV Audio-Visual aids

Audio-Visual aids - Meaning and definition, Types of Audio-Visual aids - Merits and Demerits. - Meaning, classification - Audio aids, visual aids, Audio visual aids. preparation and use of audio, visual aids. Factors influencing the effectiveness of audio visual aids, Cone of Experience and its importance in extension teaching.

### **Unit V New initiatives in Extension pluralism**

New initiatives in Extension pluralism: Meaning and definition of private extension, Public extension and Extension pluralism, Role of public and private extension system, Strategies for privatizing Extension, Cyber extension, Public-private partnership, New Concepts: Demand-driven extension, market-led extension.

### **Text books**

- 1.Reddy, Adivi. An Extension Education, Sree Lakshmi Press, Bapatala, 1995.
- 2. Jha, J.K, Encyclopaedia of Teaching of Home Science, Vol.I, II, and III. New Delhi: Anmol Publications, 2002

3. Easwaran A., ABC of Extension Education, GRI, Gandhi gram 2007.

# Reference books

- 1.. Mohanty, Sandhya Rani. *Home Science Extension Education and Rural Development*. Anchor Academic Publishing, 2017.
- 2. Rathore, O. S., O. S. Rathore, S. D. Dhankar, M. S. Chauhan, and S. N. Ojha. *Handbook of Extension Education*. Agrotech Pub. Academy, 2001.
- 3. Nisha, Maimun. Understanding extension education. Gyan Publishing House, 2006.

# **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Know the concept, fundamentals, and scope of extension
K2	CO2	Know the principles of extension education
K2	CO3	Understand the classification of extension methods
K3	CO4	Analyze the audio-visual aids, types, merits, and demerits
K4	CO5	Examine the new initiatives in extension pluralism

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

СО/РО	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNE421		L	T	P	C						
ELECTIV	VE II	FOOD HYGIENE AND SANITATION 3										
COGNITIVE LEV	/EL	K 1: Recall K2: Understanding K 5: Evaluating										
Learning Objective	es	The course aims to 1)To study the Introduction to sanitation and to the foodservice industry which includes may occur in the operation and production o	pote	ntial								

# Unit I Food hygiene

Food hygiene: Importance of food safety in the food processing industry, Risk classification, Microbial contamination (including cross-contamination/indirect contamination) Chemical contamination, Physical contamination, Allergen contamination. Sanitation Overview Sanitary Regulations: Definition, Types of Hygiene and sanitation.

## Unit II Personal hygiene

Personal hygiene: General principle of food hygiene and food handling habits, Importance of worker hygiene, health status, illness and injuries, Personal cleanliness and behavior, visitors, hygiene verification, Hand washing procedure. Personal hygiene of the food handler, Program of Good Health For Food handlers, Roots of Contamination, safety measures for food service personnel. • Care maintenance of Protective Clothing.

## **Unit III Insect and pest control**

Insect and pest control: Importance of Pest Control in the food industry, Pest Classification (insects, rodents, and birds), Problems caused by pests, Prevention and effective control measures, Integrated pest management system, and tools. Food Storage Sanitation; Food Transport Sanitation, Pest Control, Packaging Sanitation, Waste Product Disposal.

## **Unit IV Cleaning and sanitation**

Cleaning and sanitation: Importance of cleaning technology, general cleaning and sanitary considerations, sanitation principle and the requirements for a food sanitation program, Cleaning agents: different types of cleaning agents, Sanitizing agents, Equipment and systems, Evaluation of sanitation efficacy.

## Unit V Water supply and Infrastructure

Water supply and Infrastructure: Sanitary aspects of building, Plant layout and design, Water in the food industry, water sources, water uses, Water quality, Purification and disinfection of water, water treatments, water quality standards, Drinking water specifications, Pollution Control, Waterborne diseases, airborne diseases preventing measure for diseases.

### **Text books**

- 1.Bryan, F.L. Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point Evaluations A Guide to Identifying Hazards and Assessing Risks Associated with Food Preparation and Storage. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2000.
- 2. Frazier. W., Food Microbiology, McGraw-Hill co Ltd, New Delhi.2015
- 3. Adams M, R and Moss M, O., Food Microbiology, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.

#### Reference books

- 1. Vijaya Ramesh, Food Microbiology, MJP Publications, 2007.
- 2. David, A. Shapton, and Naroh F. Shapton Principles and Practices for the Safe Processing of Foods, Heineman Ltd., Oxford, 2011.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K1	CO1	Classify the common kinds of physical/chemical contamination and simple
		measures to prevent food poisoning.
K2	CO2	Explain how high standards of personal hygiene for food handlers can be
		achieved.
K1	CO3	Define integrates practices for economic control of pests
K6	CO4	Design food hygiene and sanitation measures to control the spread of
		microorganisms.
K5	CO5	Criteria to fulfil water safety and environmental requirements.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/P O	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code		FNE422	COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA	<b>L</b> 3	T	P	С
ELE	CTI	VES II	SKILLS	•	3		
Cognitive L	evel	K2: Unde K3: Apply K4: Analy	y				
Learning Objectives		se aims to the basics of communication. skills in producing visual aids. the and prepare visual aids for non-formal economics.	lucat	ion.			

#### Unit I Communication overview

Communication – Meaning, objectives, elements, communication models – Aristotle, Shanon Weaver, Berlo and Leagns.and barriers of communication – How to overcome barriers, advantages of proper communication, communication barriers, problems of communication barriers and its overcome measures.

# **Unit II Methods of teaching**

Methods of teaching: concept, objectives, different types of teaching, functions, and significance of different teaching methods. According to use – Individual, Group, and Mass. According to form – Written, Spoken and Visual – Objectives, advantages, and limitations of all form's methods of teaching

## Unit III Audio visual aids

Audio-Visual aids – Meaning, classification – Audio aids, visual aids, Audio visual aids. Preparation and use of audio, visual, and audio-visual aids. Factors influencing the effectiveness of audio-visual aids, Cone of Experience and its importance in extension teaching.

#### Unit IV Mass media

Mass media – Meaning, Characteristics, types – Radio, Television, Print media, Outdoor.Media. Print Media Vs Broadcast Media. New communication technologies – computers, e -mail, video conferencing, internet, cyber safes, (elementary understanding).

# Unit V Traditional media

Traditional Media – concept, types, uniqueness, different types of traditional media, folk songs, puppets shows, Street play, drama, and villupattu. Objectives of traditional media, comparison between traditional media and modern media. Significance of traditional media and its advantages.

#### **References:**

- 1.Baran, Stanley J. "Introduction to mass communication." (2015).
- 2. Singhal, A. & Rogers, E. India's Communication Revolution from Bullock Carts to Cyber Marts. New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2001.

- 3. Reddy, A. Adivi, and A. Reddy. Extension education. Sree Lakshmi Press, 1987.
- 4. Dubey, V. K. Extension education and communication. New Age International, 2008.

# **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Understanding of communication, models of communication.
К3	CO2	Acquire skills in the Preparation of visual aids.
K2	CO3	Collect first-hand information in visiting media centres.
K3	CO4	Able to organize exhibitions at the village level.
K4	CO5	Able to effectively use modern communication technologies.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	M	N	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	N	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	N	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	N	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FN		DATE	FOR DISEASES	3								
ELF	ECTIVE	SII	DIET	-	-	3							
Cognitive le	vel	1	K2:Understanding K3: Applying K4: Analyzing K6: Creating										
Learning ob	ojectives	1. To do profe 2. Und socio	ession. erstanding the conety.	nd aptitude in taking up dinsequences of nutritional promotes of nutrition-based	probl	ems	in th						

# Unit I Concept of diet therapy

Concept of diet therapy: Purpose and principle of therapeutic diets, modification of normal diet, classification of therapeutic diets, routine hospital diets: clear fluid, full fluid, semi-fluid, semi-solid, solid. Different feeding techniques - oral feeding, tube feeding, parenteral feeding, the role of dieticians in nutritional care.

#### **Unit II Fever diet**

Fever: Causes, symptoms, dietary management: Febrile disease acute – Typhoid, influenza, malaria, chronic – tuberculosis: epidemiology, causes micro organism involved in fever, symptoms, complications, diagnosis, dietary recommendations and foods included and avoided.

#### **Unit III Gastro intestinal diseases**

Diseases of upper-gastrointestinal tract: Causes, pathogenesis, dietary modification, and diet planning for Gastritis, Peptic ulcer, Diseases of lower-intestinal tract: Causes, pathogenesis, dietary modification, and diet planning fordiarrhoea, dysentery, Constipation Haemorrhoids, Surgery of colon – gastrostomy, jejunostomy, and cancer of the colon

The disease of liver – hepatitis, cirrhosis, gall bladder diseases

# Unit IV Life style associated diseases

a. Diabetes mellitus: Causes symptoms and food exchange list, dietary treatment for Diabetes mellitus.

b.Cardio vascular diseases – hypertension, atherosclerosis, congestive cardiac failure, and sodium-restricted diet in causes symptoms and dietary treatment.

c. Obesity and leanness – causes symptoms and dietary treatment.

## Unit V Renal diseases and others

a.Diseases of the excretory system- nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, urinary calculi, renal failure.

b.Diet in allergy – definition, classification, food allergies. Test for allergy, dietetic treatment. c.Cancer – causes symptoms of dietary treatment.

#### **Text books**

- 1. Robinson, Corinne Hogden, and Marilyn R. Lawler. *Normal and therapeutic nutrition*. No. Ed. 16. Collier Macmillan Publishers, 1982.
- 2. Dietary Guidelines of Indians- A Manual, National Institute of Nutrition, Hyderabad, 2006

3. Srilakshmi B, Dietetics, sixth edition, New age Publishing Press, New Delhi, 2011.

### Reference books

- 1. Stacy N, William's Basic Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 12th edition, Elsevier publications, UK, 2005.
- 2.Elia M, Ljunggvist O, Stratton RJ, Lanham SA, Clinical Nutrition (The Nutrition Society Textbook), 2nd edition, Wiley Blackwell Publishers, 2013
- 3. Mahan LK, Stump SE, and Raymond JL, Krause's Food and Nutrition Care Process, 13th Edition, Elsevier Saunders, 2004.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Plan and prepare a standardized hospital diet for the needed patients.
K2	CO2	Understand the concept, purpose, and principles of diet therapy and the role and types of dieticians.
К3	CO3	Apply various deficiency disorders concerning their prevalence, causes, symptoms, and preventive measures.
K4	CO4	Discuss the kinds of commercial formulas available for oral and enteral feedings.
K4	CO5	Compare the food exchange list in the control of diabetes and complications.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNE531	FOOD GAR		L	Т	P	С			
ELE	CTIVES III	FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY 3 CONTROL								
COGNITIV	E LEVEL	K2-Understand	K3 -Applying	K4	-Ar	nalyz	ring			
Learning Ob	jectives	· •	o edge on food safety and f lity control and common			dard	ls.			

## **Unit I Food safety concept**

Importance of food safety in the food processing industry Risk classification, National and international food regulatory agencies, General food laws and food safety regulations, Nutritional labeling regulation (mandatory and optional nutrients, nutritional descriptors, and approved health claims); Microbial contamination (including cross-contamination/indirect contamination) Chemical contamination, Physical contamination, Allergen contamination.

### **Unit II Food Safety Programs**

Definitions and importance, Good Manufacturing Practices, (GMPs), Pest Control Program, Facility Maintenance, Personal Hygiene, Supplier Control, Sanitary.

Design of Equipment and Infrastructure, Procedures for Raw Material Reception, Storage and Finished Product Loading, Sanitation Program. (Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOPs). Product Identification, Tracking and Recalling Program, Preventive Equipment Maintenance Program, Education and Training Program.

### **Unit III Food adulteration**

Adulteration of food - common adulterants and tests to detect common adulterants. Cereals and products - bread, biscuits, cakes products. Fruits Products: Jam, juices, squashes, ketchup, sauce. Oils and Fats: Coconut oil, groundnut oil, palm oil, sunflower oil, Vanaspati. Milk and Products: Skimmed milk powder, partly skimmed milk powder, condensed sweetened milk. Other products - coffee, tea, sugar, honey,toffees.

# **Unit IV Hygiene and Sanitary Practices**

Personal Hygiene - Health Requirements - Location and Surroundings of Food Industry - Slaughter House - Good Manufacturing Practices - Good Food Hygiene Practices - Storage. The food safety concepts, importance, and its significance, food safety, and hygiene in differentfoods.

### Unit V National and International laws

FAO/WHO, FSSAI Codex Alimentarius commission, fair average quality (FAQ) specification for food grains, ISO 22000 series. HACCP: Background, current status, structuredapproach, principles, benefits, and limitations. Consumer Protection Act (CPA).

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Sather A.Y A first course in food analysis, New Age Publications, New Delhi 1999
- 2. Redman, Nina. Food safety: a reference handbook. ABC-CLIO, 2007.

#### **References:**

- 1. Motarjemi, Yasmine, Gerald Moy, and Ewen Todd, eds. *Encyclopedia of food safety*. Academic Press, 2013.
- 2. Roberts, Cynthia A. *The food safety information handbook*. Greenwood Publishing Group, 2001
- 3. Motarjemi, Yasmine, and HuubLelieveld, eds. *Food safety management: a practical guide for the food industry*. Academic Press, 2013

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Discuss different food safety and quality aspects.
K2	CO2	gain knowledge on food safety and food laws and study
		about quality
K4	CO3	Identify objectives, Importance, functions of quality control,
		stages of quality control.
K3	CO4	Apply safety principles related to the food industry.
K4	CO5	Analyze basic principles of HACCP, SQF, and ISO and
		sanitation.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO /	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
PO												
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code ELEC	U21FNE532 CTIVES III	NUTRITIONAL COUNSELLING	3	T -	P -	3
Cognitive le		K2: Understanding K3: Applying K5: Evaluating				
Learning ob		Course aims to  1. learn the basic concept of nutrition cou 2. enrich the different types of counseling of diet counselling			impo	ortance

# **Unit I Nutritional counselling**

Nutritional counselling: Meaning, needs, and types of nutritional counseling planning of diet and their importance, techniques, and qualities of nutritional counseling. Nutritional counselling in health management, technology in nutritional counselling, applications of video, posters telephonic conversation in online dietcounselling.

# **Unit II Dietician roles**

The Dietician a) Classification b) Code of ethics c) Responsibility d) The dietician in India e) Indian dietetic association f) Technology in diet counselling- usage of mobile applications in diet counselling.

# Unit III Disease specific diet counselling

Nutritional counseling for cardiovascular patients, diabetes mellitus, malnourished pregnant women, obese person, anemic person: counselling based on disease, age of the patient, educational status of the patient, stages of disease condition, complications of disease condition, new diet adaptation, and otherissues.

# **Unit IV Assessment needs of patients**

Assessment – Assessment of needs of patients, Communication process, Patient Education. Anthropometrical profile of the patient, biochemical parameters of the patients, clinical status, and their type of dietary pattern also assessed the previous nutritional status of the patient screening.

### **Unit V Community-based counselling**

Counseling for communities: definition, objectives of community-based counselling, the importance of counselling to the community, planning, and Organizing counseling Camps for a specific disease, counselling for nutritional deficiencies, counselling for vulnerable groups, tools used for counselling to the community.

### Textbook:

- 1. Srilakshmi, Dietetics Eight Edition, New age international (p) Ltd .2014
- **2.** Gopalan C., Ramanathan, P.V. Balasubramanian, S.C., Nutritive value of Indianfoods, NIN, Hyderabad, 2010

### **References Books**

- 1. RuthA. Roth, Nutrition Diet therapysixth Edition, New age international (p) Ltd.2013
- 2. KaveriChakravarthy. A.SText book of Nutrition in health and disease. 2016
- 3. Joshi Y.K, Basics of Clinical Nutrition, 2nd edition, JP Medical Publishers Pvt Ltd,New Delhi, 2008
- 4. Stacy N, William's Basic Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 12th edition, Elsevier publications, UK, 2005

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	To gain knowledge about the role of dietician in nutritional counselling
K2	CO2	Explain types of diet and compare.
К3	CO3	Planning of diet in Diabetes mellitus.
K3	CO4	Planning of diet in Pregnant women.
K5	CO5	Create skill development in planning diets using food
		exchange lists

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
								1	2	3	4	5
CO1	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	

e	L	ГР	
de U21FNE533			

ELECTIV	ES III	GENDI	ER AND DE	VELOPMENT	3	-	-	3		
Cognitive Level	K2: Unde K4:Analy	zing			'	•				
	K5: Eva	K5: Evaluating								
Learning	The cour	se aims to								
Objectives	_			ues and problem		ì.				

# **Unit I Gender and Development:**

Concept of gender, gender roles, gender budgeting, gender auditing, gender mainstreaming, gender analysis matrix, shift from welfare to development and empowerment, gender in development, gender and development, National and International efforts for gender empowerment.

#### Unit II Status of Women in India

Status of Women in India:Status – Meaning, Status of Women as per latest census report – Gender gaps and their implications, Sex ratio, Life expectation at birth, Health, Nutrition and Mortality, age at marriage, fertility, literacy, employment.

### Unit III Violence against women

Violence against women: concepts, different types of violence, dowry, divorce, female feticide and infanticide, sexual discrimination, sexual exploitation, obscene advertisements, and projects in the mass media. Efforts for the elimination of all forms of discrimination.

## Unit IV Policies for Women's development

Policies for Women's development: objectives of women development policies, National Policy for Women's empowerment, Policy perspective, mainstreaming, a gender perspective in the development process. Economic, Social, Legal, and political empowerment of Women.

### Unit V Women and Law

Women and law: concept of law in women's development, importance of law in women's development, popular women welfare laws, marriage, dowry, divorce, property, employment and adoption, political participation, legal literacy for Women, family Counselling center and cybercrime.

#### References

- 1. Presser, Harriet, and Gita Sen. Women's empowerment and demographic processes: Moving beyond Cairo. Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 2. Sawyer, Roger. We are but women: women in Ireland's history. Routledge, 2002.
- 3. Forster, Christine, and Jaya Sagade. Women's Human Rights in India. Routledge India, 2019
- 4. Pandit, Harshida. Women of India: An Annotated Bibliography. Vol. 26. Routledge, 2017.

## **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	trace the significance of gender development in national development
K3	CO2	report the violence against women at family and workplace.
K2	CO3	get familiarize with legislation and policies for women
K4	CO4	Analyze the status of women in society.
K3	CO5	Identify the laws available for the welfare of women.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S

Strongly Correlating (S) -3 Marks Weakly Correlating (W) -1 Mark Moderately Correlating (M)

-2 marks

No Correlation (N) -0 mark

Course		I	L	T	P	
Code	U21FNE641					

ELECTIVES IV	FOOD PACKAGING	3	-	-	3
COGNITIVE LEVEL	K2: Understanding				
	K4:Analyzing				
	K5: Evaluating				
Learning Objectives	The course aims to				
	1) The functions of packaging				
	2) Various methods of packaging				
	3) Shelf Life of the products				
	4) Various equipment for packaging				
	5) Application during transportation.				

### **Unit I Food packaging concepts**

Food packaging: definition, objectives of food packaging, the importance of food packaging, Introduction to food packaging: Packaging terminology- definition. Functions of food packaging, Packaging environment. Characteristics of foodstuff that influences packaging selection

# Unit II Different package methods

Different types of packaging material and their properties: Glass, Paper and paper board, Corrugated fibre board (CFB), Metal containers: Tin Plate and Aluminum, Composite containers, Collapsible tubes, Plastic Films, Laminations, Metalized films, Co-extruded films, Testing of packaging material

# **Unit III Packaging systems**

Packaging Systems and methods: Vacuum Packaging, controlled atmospheric packaging, modified atmospheric packaging, Aseptic Packaging, Retort processing, Microwave packaging, Active Packaging, intelligent packaging, Edible packaging, Shrink and stretch packaging.

# Unit IV Packaging of finished goods

Packaging of finished goods: Weighing, filling, scaling, wrapping, cartooning, labelling, marking, and trapping. Labelling: Standards, purpose, description types of labels, labeling regulation barcode, nutrition labelling, health claims, mandatory labeling provision.

### Unit V Safety measures of packaging

Safety measures of food packaging: Hazards of packaging material: Packaging specifications, the shelf life of packed foods, convenience and hazards of packaging materials, moisture absorption properties of foods and selection of packaging materials, the interaction between packaging and foods.

# **Text books**

- 1. Vijaya Khader Food Science and Technology, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Newdelhi. 2001
- 2. NIIR Board Food Packaging Technology, Handbook National Institute of

IndustrialResearch, New Delhi. 2004

# Reference books

- 1. Jung H. Han Innovations in FoodPackaging, 2013
- 2. AlexandraGrumezescuFoodPackaging. 2016
- 3. AlexandraMihaiGrumezescuFood Packaging and preservation. 2017

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	To discuss the characteristics and functions of materials used in food packaging.
		in rood packaging.
K4	CO2	To identify the types of packaging material for suitable
		product.
K4	CO3	The standard method used for the marketing of developed
		products.
K5	CO4	Various methods of food packaging to increase the shelf life's
K5	CO5	Construct audio-visual aids.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO	PSO2	PSO	PSO4	PSO
								1		3		5
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M

Course Code U21FNE	642 CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL	T	P	С
ELECTIVE-	NEEDS 3	-	-	3

Cognitive Level	K2: Understanding K4: Analyze K3: Apply
Learning Objectives	<ul> <li>The course aims to</li> <li>Acquire knowledge about the special needs of exceptional children and the methods of satisfying their needs</li> <li>Acquire skills in guiding the parents of exceptional children.</li> </ul>

## Unit I Children with special needs

Children with Special needs: Meaning, Types, Characteristics, History of Education of Exceptional Children. Special educators – their qualities and qualifications. Defining disabilities, Models of disability Classifying disabilities, the social construction of disability, Demography, Rights of Children with Disabilities.

#### Unit II Common childhood disabilities

Common Childhood Disabilities –definition, methods of identification, assessment methods, and etiology with reference to Locomotor disability, Visual disability, Auditory and speech disability, Intellectual disability, Autism, and Learning Disability.

### **Unit III Children with disabilities**

Children with Disabilities and Society - Families of children with disability, Prevention, and management of different disabilities, physicallyChallenged Children: Orthopedically Handicapped – types, educational practices- Special education and inclusion, Policy and programmes and Policies for children with disabilities.

## **Unit IV Programmes**

Programmes and Policies for children with disabilities -The Indian Constitution, National Policy for Persons with Disabilities 2006, The Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act 1995, The Rehabilitation Council of India Act 1992, The National Trust for Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retardation, and Multiple Disabilities Act 1999. Legal Rights of the Disabled in India, Role of Important Institutionslaws.

### Unit V Characteristics and educational needs

Characteristics and educational needs—types, characteristics, and educational needs, Speech challenged—types, characteristics, and educational needs, Assistive technology—meaning, need, types benefits—the barriers to assistive technology. Scheme of Assistance to Disabled Persons for Purchase/ Fitting of Aids & Appliances (ADIP).

# **Text books**

- 1. Mangal S.K., "Educating Exception Children", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2009
- 2. Reddy G.L, and Sujatha J., "Children with Disabilities" Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi, 2006
- 3. Reddy S.K.," Educating of Children with Special Needs" Discovery

# publishing House, New Delhi 2007

# Reference books

- 1. Reddy L., Ramar R., and Kusuma A. "Hearing Impairment-An Educational Consideration", Discovery Publications, New Delhi 2004
- 2. Relakar S., Delvi U., and KautA. "Fundamentals of speech and speech teaching" 2006
- 3. SharmaK., "Rehabilitation of Hearing-Impaired Children", Sarup and Sons, New Delhi, 2006

### **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

К3	CO1	empathize the needs of exceptional children
K2	CO2	familiarize with the educational provisions of exceptional children
K4	CO3	gain skills in identifying children with special needs.
K2	CO4	Understand the special needs of exceptional children
К3	CO5	Identifying the methods to satisfy the need of exceptional children.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/ PO	PO 1	PO2	PO 3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO</b> 7	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4	PS O 5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	S
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNE643	FASHION DESIGN	L	T	P	C
EL	ECTIVE-IV	TASHION BESIGN	3	ı	1	3

Cognitive Level	K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analysis
Learning Objectives	<ol> <li>The course aims to</li> <li>Impart knowledge about functions and theories of clothing.</li> <li>Understand the basics of the fashion and fashion industry.</li> <li>Develop sensitivity towards the selection of garments and garment design.</li> </ol>

## **Unit I Meaning of fashion**

Meaning of Fashion— objectives, scope, importance, Need for clothing, and Fashion perspectives - Fashion terminologies. Fabric terms, Accessory Terms, Common Sewing Terms, and Industry Language. Fashion evolution- haute couture, pretaporter.

### **Unit II Fashion Movement**

Fashion Movement - Meaning, Theories, and principles- trickle up, trickledown, and trickle across. Fashion - cycle, Fashion forecasting, fashion change - social and psychological reasons.

# **Unit III Substance of Fashion Industry**

The substance of Fashion Industry -concepts and importance of fashion industry, fashion industry in India, Soft goods chain-textile, apparel & retail segment - Apparel Categories, Designing process - World fashion design centers, Influential designers in India and abroad

### **Unit IV Fashion Business Trends**

Fashion Business Trends –current trends in India, importance, Consumer Groups, Consumer Buying Consumer market, Importance of demographics and psychographics & Niche Marketing. Fashion enterprise- fashion information services. Fashion websites.

### **Unit V Career in Fashion Industry**

A career in Fashion Industry– importance and scope, Career planning process, Training and experience needed, Career in textile, apparel, retail & fashion promotion, Entrepreneurship in fashion, boutique management.

### **Text books**

- Kathryn Mc Kelvey and Janine Munslow Fashion Design: Process, Innovation, and Practice, Blackwell Science Ltd., Blackwell Publishing Company, UK. 2005
- 2. Jenny Davis A Complete Guide to Fashion Designing, First Edition, Abhishek Publications, Chandigarh.2006
- 3. Mahadevan, M.G. Textile colouring, First Edition, Abhishek Publication Chandigarh. 2008

#### Reference books

- 1. Premlata Mullick Textbook of Textile Designing, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana. 2006
- 2. Parachure, J. W Fundamentals of Designing for Textiles and other end-use,

# Woodhead publishing, India, New Delhi. 2009

# **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

<b>K3</b>	CO1	Identify the role and functions of clothing and recognize the factors
		affecting selection and evaluation of clothing.
K2	CO2	Explain the concept of fashion, its terminology, sources, and factors
		affecting it.
K2	CO3	Describe the global fashion industry and its leading designers.
K4	CO4	Classify and illustrate various components of the garment.
K3	CO5	Apply the knowledge of elements and principles in design interpretation.

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNN311	FUNDAMENTALS FOOD SCIENCE	L	T	P	С
Non-Ma	jor electives	FUNDAMENTALS FOOD SCIENCE	2	-	-	2

Cognitive level	K2-Understanding K3-applying K4-Analysing K5 – Evaluating
	Course aim
Learning	1. To know the role of food inhealth.
objectives	2. To enable students to obtain knowledge of different food
	groups and their contribution tonutrition.
	3. To help them study the different methods of cooking and their
	advantages anddisadvantages.
	4. To enable the students to apply the process of different foods.
	5. To enable them to gain experience in the preparation of foods
	with attention to the preservation of their nutritive value-
	oriented to Indian cooking.

## **Unit I Food groups**

Food definition, functions of foods: energy-yielding foods, bodybuilding foods, protective foods. Food groups-classification of foods by ICMR, five food groups: balanced diet- definition, planning of balanced diet, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) Dietary guidelines.

# **Unit II Cereals and pulses**

Cereals and pulses: different types of cereals and pulses, structure, nutritive value, classification, processing, milling, nutrient content, different types of cooking cereals. Pulses and legumes —different types of pulses, nutritive value, processing in pulses, toxins in pulses.

## Unit III Fruits, vegetables, and milk foods

Fruits: classification of fruits Vegetables: classification of vegetables, Milk – classification, nutritive value. Pigments and Flavouring compounds, the role of pectin in fruits, processing, and preservation. Milk - composition and Nutritive value, physical properties of milk, Different types of milk and milk products, the role of milk and milk products in cookery.

#### Unit IV Meat and fish foods

Meat: Different types of flesh foods, fish and poultry – meat – composition, and nutritive value, post-mortem changes, ageing of meat, tenderizing of meat, curing of meat, cuts, and grades of meat, meat cookery, storage. Fish and poultry - Nutritive value.

### Unit V Nuts and oilseeds, Sugar, Spices, and Condiments

Nuts and oilseeds- different types of nuts and oilseeds and their availability nutritive value and processing. Sugar –types, stages, sugar cooking, and processing. Spices and Condiments – Classification description, uses procurement and storage.

#### **Textbook:**

1. SrilakshmiFoodScience,SeventhEdition,New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.2018

# Reference books

- 1. M.N.AhmedFood Science and Nutrition, First Edition, 2005
- 2. Norman N.Potter.JosephHotchkissFood Science,Fifth Edition,2007
- 3. Sunetra RodayFood Science and Nutrition,Second Edition,2012
- 4. Sumati RajagopalMudambi Food Science,2015
- 5. Dr.M.SwaminathanFood and Nutrition, SecondEdition, 2017

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	The student will gain knowledge about energy requirements and the Recommended Dietary Allowances.
K2	CO2	Knowledge of nutritive value, understand the cooking quality factors, and develop skills in the preparation and storage of milk and egg products.
К3	CO3	Knowledge on nutritional classification, understand the changes in pigments, and acquire skills in preserving nutrients and pigments in the processing and storage of vegetables and fruits
K4	CO4	Determine the smoking point of any cooking oils and the stages of sugar cookery
K5	CO5	Assess the effect of the addition of acid, fat, salt, water, and sugar on the texture of flesh foods quality.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Course Code	U21FNN312		L	T	P	C
on-Majo	or electives	NUTRITION AND WELLNESS	2	ı	ı	2

	K1-Knowledge
Cognitive level	K2-
	Understandin
	g K3-
	applying
	To enable the students to acquire
Learning	Elementary knowledge on wellness and fitness
objectives	Knowledge on the relationship between nutrition
	andwellness

## **Unit I Concept of wellness**

Wellness; definition and concept of wellness, fitness and Health Definition and Indicators of Health - Parameters, Components, and Relationship between Wellness, Fitness, and Health - Challenges and Personalized approach.

#### Unit II Nutrition and health

Nutrition and Health Introduction - Food Groups, Adequate Diet, My Pyramid, Foods for Health, Millennium Development Goals, Role of Macro and Micronutrients – Carbohydrates, Proteins, Fats, Vitamin D, Calcium, Iron, Optimum Nutrition and Hydration for Health.

## Unit III Physical activity

Physical Activity: definition and methods of physical activity, training Aerobic and anaerobic training -To enhance Cardio Vascular Endurance, Flexibility, and Body Composition, Measurement of PAL, Benefits of Fitness training and Gadgets for measuring PA.

#### **Unit IV Diseases and fitness**

Diseases and fitness: Diseases due to faulty food habits and physical inactivity. Non-communicable Disease conditions- Underweight, Obesity, Diabetes mellitus, Hypertension, Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Anemia. Diet modifications, the role of physical activity in disease prevention.

### **Unit V Stress management**

Stress and Health Management: definition and objectives, the importance of stress management. Stress assessment and management techniques-under weight, overweight, and obesity, relaxation techniques –yoga and meditation for health, theimportance of yoga and its benefits in health management.

#### Text books

- 1. Swaminathan, Essential of Food and Nutrition", Bangalore Printing Publishing Company, 2008
- 2. Kathleen Mahan, Sylvia Escott Stump, "Krause's Food and Nutrition and Diet Therapy" W.B Saunders Company, USA,2000.
- 3. Swaminathan, M. Essentials of Foods and Nutrition, Volume I and II Ganesh and Co., Madras, 2003.

#### Reference books

- 1. Mahan, Kathleen L. Krause's Food, Nutrition and Diet Therapy, W.B. Saunders, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition 2004.
- 2. Srilakshmi. E. Nutrition Science, New Age International Publishers, 2012.
- 3. Swaminathan, M. Advanced Textbook on Food Science and Nutrition, Vol:2, Second edition, Reprinted, Bangalore Printed and publishing Co Inc, Bangalore, 2003.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Understand the concept of Wellness, Fitness, and Health
K2	CO2	Acquired knowledge on basic food groups
K3	CO3	Importance of wellness
K4	CO4	Different types of diet-related diseases
K5	CO5	Role of nutrition in health

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0

Course Code	U21FNN421	Basics of Human Nutrition	L	T	P	C
NME-II			2	-	-	2
Cognitive I	Level	K2: Understand K3: Apply K5: Evaluate				

	Course aims to
Learning Objectives	<ol> <li>understand the major nutrients relevant to human health.</li> <li>gain knowledge on dietary sources, intake levels,</li> </ol>
g angere	physiological role, and requirement of major nutrients on the human body.

#### **Unit I Introduction to nutrition**

Introduction to nutrition: Definition of nutrition- food, health, nutritional status, malnutrition, over nutrition, under nutrition, functions of food, balanced diet, food pyramid, ICMR Basic five food groups.

#### **Unit II Macronutrients**

Macronutrients: carbohydrates- classification, functions, food sources.

Dietary fibre - Functions, food sources & deficiencies. Lipids and fats- definition, classification, functions, Deficiency, sources-Proteins, Definition, classification, functions, deficiency, sources.

#### **Unit III Micronutrients**

Micronutrients: vitamins-, definition, classification & functions of vitamins Nomenclature, functions, deficiency & sources of vitamins A, D, E, K Nomenclature, functions, deficiency & sources of vitamins B1, B2, B3, folic acid, B6, B12.

#### **Unit IV Minerals**

Minerals: classification, Macrominerals: and micro minerals: Calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, sulfur, sodium and potassium.

Micro minerals: Iron, Zinc, iodine, fluorine, sodium

Definition functions, deficiency diseases, food sources, recommended dietary intake.

#### Unit V Water

Water: Distribution of water and electrolytes, functions, requirements, sources, water balance, water depletion, water excess. Water: dehydration, causes, symptoms, preventive measures, oedema- causes, and preventive measures.

#### **Text books**

- 1. Srilakshmi B, Dietetics, sixth edition, New age Publishing Press, New Delhi, 2011
- 2. Park, K.: Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, 18<sup>th</sup> Edition, M/s. Banarasi das Bhanot, Jabalpur, 2000.
- 3. Swaminathan, M. Essentials of Food and Nutrition, Vols. I and II. Ganesh & Co. 2000.

#### Reference books

- 1. Stacy N, William's Basic Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 12th edition, Elsevier publications, UK, 2005.
- 2. Mahan LK, Stump SE, and Raymond JL, Krause's Food and Nutrition Care Process, 13th Edition, Elsevier Saunders, Missouri, 2012
- 3. Barasi, Mary. Human nutrition: a health perspective. CRC Press, 2003.
- 4. Roday S, Food Science, and Nutrition, Oxford university press, New Delhi, 2007

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K2	CO1	Identify the functions and deficiencies of minerals.
K2	CO2	Explain the structure and components of nutrients.
K3	CO3	Outline the water distribution in the human body
K4	CO4	Analyze the different quality aspects of macronutrients and discuss on specific functions of macronutrients in the human body
K5	CO5	Identify the functions and deficiencies of minerals.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3 Marks Moderately Correlating (M) - 2 marks
Weakly Correlating (W) -1 Mark No Correlation (N) - 0 mark

Course Code	U21FNN422		FOOD PRESERVATION						
Non-Ma	jor electives	CON	CEPTS	2	-	-	2		
		K 2: Understanding K 6: Creating	K3: Applying	K5: Ev	aluat	ing			

Learning Objectives	The course aims to
	1) study the basics of various food preservation technologies
	and the criteria needed to be taken for the appropriate
	processing of foods.
	2) contribute proper utilization of food free from contamination
	increased shelf life with prevention of wastage.

## **Unit I Food preservation**

Introduction to Food Preservation: Definition and scope of Food preservation Technology, Principles of food preservation, perishable, non-perishable food, causes of food spoilage: Microbial, Physical, Chemical contamination, causes of food contamination, sources of microorganisms.

## **Unit II Food preservation methods**

Food preservation by low temperature: Introduction to Refrigeration, cold storage, and freezing, Principle of the freezing, freezing curve, Changes occurring during freezing, Types of freezing - slow freezing, quick freezing. Introduction to thawing, changes during thawing, and its effect on food.

### Unit III Methods of preservation

Food preservation by high-temperature Thermal processing methods of foods: cooking methods blanching methods, pasteurization methods and sterilization of foods, canning in food preservation, bottling methods, and spoilages in canned foods.

## Unit IV Food preservation by drying and dehydration

Food preservation by drying and dehydration-Definition of drying and dehydration, Drying curve and Factors affecting rate of drying, Different methods of drying and driers used in the food industry, drying foods, dehydrated foods, availability of drying foods in the market,

#### **Unit V Food preservatives**

Food preservation by irradiation and preservatives: Definition, Methods of Irradiation, Uses and safety aspects of radiation in food processing. Preservatives: natural preservatives- salt, sugar, honey, oil, tamarind, chemical preservatives: class II Preservatives.

## **Text Books:**

1. Sivasankar, B. Food Processing and preservation 2nd edition, prentice Hall, Pvt, Ltd.2013

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Subbulakshmi, Shobha A et.al., Food Processing and Preservation, New Age International Publishers. 2006
- 2. Srilakshmi Food Science, NewAgeInternational Publishers 2008
- 3. Sudesh and Neelam Food Preservation, Published by Agro tech 2009
- 4. Brennan JG and Grandison AS Food processing handbook. 2nd Edition, John Wiley 2012
- Mano Ranjan Kalia Food Quality Management Second Edition, Agrotech Publishing Academy, Udaipur 2014

6. Dr. Anju Singh Handbook of food preservation, Published by Agro tech 2017

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge

## about

K6	CO1	Design and develop the unit operations required to produce a
		given
		food product.
K2	CO2	Classify the various types of food spoilage and prevent using
		suitable processing methods.
K2	CO3	Outline the principles and concepts of processing techniques and
		its
		effects on product quality.
K5	CO4	Evaluate the novel technologies in food preservation.
K3	CO5	Utilize the possible, recent preservation methods in the food
		processing sector.

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0mark

Course Code Skill based	U21FNS53 I Electives-III	FOOD PROCESSING FUNDAMENTALS	<b>L</b> 2	T -	P -	C 2			
COGNITIVE	E LEVEL	K 2: Understanding							
	-	K3: Applying							
Learning Obj	jectives	The course aims to							
		1. Plan a processing method to increase the sh	elf l	ife u	sing				
	,	Thermal and non-thermal methods of process	singt	echn	ique	S.			
2. Choose the best processing techniques to be used									

specific group ofproducts.

## Unit I Pre- and post-harvest processing

Pre-and post-harvest processing: concepts, principles, advantages of pre-and post-harvest processing, nature of harvested crop, plant, and animal products. Maturity index – definition, principle, Assessment methods for various crops. Principles of storage: storage of grains – conditions and effects of cold storage onquality.

## **Unit II Processing and preservation**

Processing and preservation by heat: Blanching, Pasteurization, sterilization and UHT processing, canning, extrusion cooking, dielectric heating, microwave heating, roasting, and frying. Retort processing. Drying – types, principles, drying curve, water activity, and microbial spoilage due to moisture. Dehydration of fruits, vegetables, and animal products – ultra filtration, reverse osmosis.

## **Unit III Different preservation**

Different preservation and processing methods: the objective of preservation, advanages of food preservation. Preservation using low temperature: Refrigeration, freezing, CA, MA & freeze-drying principles, mechanism of action, and effect on the quality of food product quality, advantages, and disadvantages.

## Unit IV other preservation methods

Food irradiation and chemical preservation: Food irradiation regulations in food irradiation. Food additives and chemical preservatives: natural preservatives: honey, salt, sugar, oil and chemical preservatives, GRAS and permissible limits for chemical preservatives, advantages, and disadvantages.

#### **Unit V Non-thermal methods**

Processing and principles using non-thermal methods: High-pressure processing, Use, and application of enzymes and microorganisms in processing and preservation of foods. Food fermentation: objectives, principles, advantages of fermentation, fermented foods, pickling, and smoking.

#### Text books:

- 1.Rao, M.A., S.S.H. Rizvi, and A.K. Datta —Engineering Properties of Rood, 3rd Edition, Taylor & Francis, 2005
- 2. Majumdar, A.S. —Dehydration of Products of Biological Origin¦, Oxford & IBH Publication,2004
- 3. Fellows, P.J. Food processing technology: Principle and Practice. 2nd Ed. CRC Publishers, 2005

#### Reference books

1. Desrosier NW & James N. Technology of food preservation. AVI. Publishers, 2007

# 2. Das, H. —Food Processing Operations Analysis, Asian Books, 2005

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K6	CO1	Understand the pre-and post-harvest technology
K2	CO2	Different processing methods
K2	CO3	Various techniques in food processing
K5	CO4	Chemical preservation methods
K3	CO5	Thermal processing methods

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
PO												
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0mark

Course Code U21FNS64 SBE IV	FOOD FERMENTATION	L 2	T	P -	C 2			
SBLTV		_			-			
COGNITIVE LEVEL	K 2: Understanding							
	K3: Applying							
Learning Objectives This course aims to								
Provide the concepts of fermentation techniques								
	Importance and benefits of fermented foods							

#### **Unit I Basics of fermentation**

Fermentation, types of fermentation, Fermentation Pathways for Industrial Products: Biochemical pathways of metabolic reactions for utilization of carbon sources and formation of different metabolites by microorganisms; Strain Development -Various techniques of modifying the strains for increased production of industrial products.

#### **Unit II Fermented foods**

Fermentative Production: a) Foods: Processes for preparing fermented products including Yogurt (curd) and other Traditional Indian Products like idli, dosa, dhokla, shrikhand, etc., Soya based products like soya sauce, natto, etc., Cocoa, Cheese, etc.; fermented foods in the market and itsneeds.

## **Unit III Beverages**

Beverages: concepts of fermentation in beverage processing, types of fermented beverages, alcoholic beverages based on fruit juices (wines), cereals (whisky, beer, vodka, etc.,), sugar cane (rum), etc. Process description, quality of raw materials, fermentation process controls, etc.) Industrial chemicals.

## **Unit IV Fermented production**

Fermentative Production of different products: Organic acids like (Citric Acid, Lactic Acid), Amino Acids (Glutamic acid, Lysine), Antibiotics (Erythromycin, Penicillin), Polysaccharides (Dextran, Xanthan), etc.; steroids transformation; process descriptions and key controls for optimal production.

# Unit V Advantages of fermentation

Advantages of fermentation: health benefits, gastrointestinal diseases and fermented foods, the role of fermented foods in nutrient absorption. Processed fermented foods in the market. Prebiotics: role of prebiotics in health, probiotics: role of probiotics in health.

#### Text books

- 1. M.N. Ahmed Food Science and Nutrition, First Edition, 2005
- 2. Norman N. Potter. Joseph H. Hotchkiss Food Science, fifth edition, 2007
- 3. SunetraRoday Food Science and Nutrition, SecondEdition, 2012
- 4. SumatiRajagopalMudambi Food Science, 2015
- 5. Swaminathan Food and Nutrition, SecondEdition, 2017

# Reference books

1. Vogel, H.C. and C.L. Todaro, Fermentation and Biochemical Engineering Handbook: Principles, Process Design and Equipment, 2nd Edition, Standard Publishers 2005.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K6	CO1	Concept and types of fermentation
K2	CO2	Different types of fermented foods
K2	CO3	Alcoholic fermented foods
K5	CO4	Fermentation with acids and alkalis
K3	CO5	Advantages of fermented foods

# Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:

CO/P	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
О												
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0mark

# **VALUE ADDED COURSE**

Course Code SEMES	U21FNV51 STER -V	FOOD BIOTECHNOLOGY	L	T 30	P	<b>C</b> 2
COGNITIVE		K 4: Analyzing K 5: Evaluating K 6: Creating				

Learning Objectives	The course aims to
	1) Explain the methods that humans have developed to use
	biotechnology to produce foods and food ingredients
	2) Apply the biotechnological tools and techniques

### **Unit I Introduction to biotechnology:**

Scope of biotechnology, Concept of Gene Cloning-Restriction enzymes, Modifying enzymes, enzymes and its application in food biotechnology. Vectors- Properties of good vector, Introduction of Genes, Selection of recombinants.

## **Unit II Genetic Engineering:**

Genetically modified foods-Definition, examples of genetically modified foods, advantages, disadvantages, and safety aspects of foods produced by genetic engineering, Application of genetic engineering in food biotechnology. Rules and regulations for genetically modified foods

#### **Unit III Food fermentation:**

Food fermentation: the concept of microbial fermentation; fermentation process: dual and multiple fermentation, continuous fermentation and batch fermentation; factors controlling fermentation, fermented food products: dairy fermented foods, cereal-based food fermentation,

## **Unit IV Enzymes in food processing industries**

Principles of enzyme immobilization: concept and importance of enzyme application. Types of immobilization techniques and their importance; Immobilized enzymes in food processing. Enzymes application advantages and its harmful effects on health

## **Unit-V Biotechnology for Food Production**

History, developments, current status of transgenic crops -Crop improvement and enhanced agronomic performance- Food products with enhanced shelf-life, processing and functional quality- Nutritional enhancement-macro and micronutrients.

## **Textbook:**

1. Satyanarayana, U, Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd., Kolkata 2007

#### Reference books

- 1. Dubey, R.C Text Book of Biotechnology, S.Chand, and Co. Ltd, NewDelhi. 2001
- 2. Israel Goldberg Functional foods, Pharma foods and Nutraceuticals, Culinary and Hospitality Industry PublicationServices.2001
- 3.Robert Easy Wildman Handbook of Nutraceuticals and functional foods, Culinary and Hospitality Industry Publication Services, 2001

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to gain knowledge about

K4	CO1	Explain the methods that humans have developed to use biotechnology
		to produce foods and food ingredients.
K4	CO2	Identify the pros and cons of the use of biotechnology to produce foods
		including ecological, social, and economic impacts
K5	CO3	Apply the biotechnological tools and techniques
K5	CO4	Assess the importance of various fermentation methods to design
		various fermented foods and food products
K6	CO5	Apply the knowledge and synthesize new solutions and ways of
		thinking in food industries

# **Mapping of COs with POs& PSOs:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
/ DO												
PO												
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S

Strongly Correlating (S) - 3Marks
Moderately Correlating (M) - 2marks
Weakly Correlating (W) - 1Mark
No Correlation (N) - 0mark

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